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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIVAL

Fahd, Mrs. Kreps review Saudi-U.S. trade

By A Staff Reporter
JEDDAH, Jan. 28 — Crown Prince Fahd met U.S. Commerce Secretary Juanita Kreps here late Sunday at the conclusion of her three day visit to the Kingdom.

Mrs. Kreps cut short a tour of the Eastern Province to meet with Prince Fahd in his office here. The topic of discussion was U.S.-Saudi trade relations, the same topic Mrs. Kreps has raised in her talks with other Saudi officials.

Saudi Commerce Minister Dr. Soliman A. Solaiman, Planning Minister Sheikh Faisal Nazer and U.S. Ambassador John West were also present.

Before flying to Jeddah for the meeting, Mrs. Kreps told "Arab News" in Doha that she would deliver a message from President Carter to the crown prince referring to "the increase in oil production Saudi Arabia is taking on" in the face of the shutdown in Iranian exports, "the importance of a Middle East peace settlement and security in this part of the world."

Speaking at the end of a tour of the Eastern Province Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Kreps said that she had received assurances in her talks with Saudi officials that Saudi oil production would be maintained at the present rate of 10 million barrels a day "for some time."

Saturday, Mrs. Kreps held talks with her Saudi colleagues, Industry and Electricity Minister Dr. Ghazi Al-Ghazali and Finance and National Economy Minister Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al-Khail.

The commerce secretary's visit to the Eastern Province, included an overnight of the (Continued on back page)



HANDSHAKE: Crown Prince Fahd greets U.S. Commerce Secretary Juanita Kreps Sunday evening in Jeddah. The two discussed Saudi-American trade relations on the final day of Mrs. Kreps' three-day visit to the Kingdom.

Israel blames Egypt

Atherton's mission fails

TEL AVIV, Jan. 28 (Agencies) — U.S. Midwest envoy Alfred Atherton's mediation mission ended in failure Sunday with Israel accusing Egypt of rejecting U.S. ideas for breaking the impasse in talks on a peace treaty.

"The government of Israel regrets this negative attitude of Egypt," said Prime Minister Menachem Begin after a cabinet meeting which began as Atherton left for Washington.

But Begin said the talks were not deadlocked, and said Israel was ready to reopen negotiations "on the still unresolved issues," apparently indicating that Atherton had made some progress on his 12-day mission.

"The Egyptian government has rejected the proposals submitted to it by Ambassador Atherton following the talks he held with the Israeli representatives and with their approval," Begin told reporters in a prepared statement.

Begin said both Egypt and Israel were interested in resuming talks. "It is possible

the level (of negotiators) will change," he added, but he said it was too early to say if the talks would be held foreign ministers.

Although Atherton failed to resolve completely the issues he hoped to settle, the Israelis were clearly pleased at what they saw as a "more balanced" U.S. position.

Last month, Begin accused Washington of adopting "a one-sided attitude" favoring Egypt. Atherton's mission elicited criticism from Cairo that the mediator was abandoning U.S. support of the Egyptian position.

Atherton had previously announced plans to hold more working sessions with the Israeli negotiating team to complete work on a clarifying note to be attached to a draft peace treaty.

"Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan said that the United States now holds the key to the continuation of the stalled peace talks."

Dayan made the remark to reporters at Ben-Gurion airport as he left for an official state visit to France.

The foreign minister said both Egypt and Israel are willing to continue the peace talks, but both sides feel disappointment about the positions of the other.

(Continued on back page)

Some U.K. strikers ready to resume work

LONDON, Jan. 28 (UPI) — Britain gained some respite Sunday from a series of damaging strikes but one strike leader promised to "pile on the agony" in the week ahead.

Truck drivers who squeezed the whole country with "flying pickets" to blockade companies and organizations — like hospitals — not involved in their strike seemed ready to go back to work.

A union official said their three-week-old strike was crumbling because employers

were caving in. An employers' spokesman said "the strike is collapsing" because drivers were accepting the employers' original settlement offer.

Other contributing factors were a court decision against "secondary" picketing of premises not involved in the strike and prime minister James Callaghan's unusually forceful condemnation of labor unions which "strike first and talk afterward."

Truck drivers' union leaders were meeting Monday to hammer out future policy.

Another crumbling dispute was one which stopped all trains during four one-day strikes in two weeks. It was submitted to arbitration, with no further walkouts in the meantime.

Callaghan scheduled talks Monday with the Trades Union Congress. The "Sunday Telegraph" newspaper said he was prepared to "give union leaders unprecedented influence over economic planning, including the size of wage increases" in return for stiffer union discipline.

But statements from other unions indicated further hardship. "We intend to tighten the screws this week," said a spokesman for manual workers employed by local governments — everyone from garbage men and street sweepers to nurses.

"There will be a very considerable extension of our action," Colin Barnett, an official of the same union, warned of hospital closures, school shutdowns and general deterioration in public services "as we pile on the agony."

"Our aim is to bring more and more hospitals onto an emergency-only basis," said a spokesman for the National Union of Public Employees.

Bakhtiar expected in Paris despite Khomeini ultimatum

PARIS, Jan. 28 (AP) — Iranian Premier Shapour Bakhtiar was expected here from Tehran Monday morning even though Ayatollah Khomeini refused again Sunday to meet him unless he resigns first.

Official French sources said Bakhtiar was due here at 9:15 a.m. The news came only hours after Khomeini strongly reiterated his demand for Bakhtiar's resignation and at the end of a day which saw the worst anti-government riots to hit Tehran in months.

Bakhtiar's scheduled arrival in Paris has led to some speculation that he might be coming here to resign. He has been under tremendous pressure from Khomeini's supporters to do so, and Sunday's Tehran rioting — which claimed more than 20 lives — added to that pressure.

The French weekly, "Journal de Dimanche," reported Sunday there may be a deal arranged by which Bakhtiar would step down and then be appointed prime minister by Khomeini.

Khomeini has said Bakhtiar's government is illegal because it was appointed by the Shah, who left Iran almost two weeks ago for an extended vacation from which many observers believe he will never return.

Bakhtiar would not comment on the speculation about his trip to Paris, but has scheduled a news conference for Monday morning in Tehran, at which he said he would answer all questions.

In Tehran, the official Pars News Agency said the death toll from Sunday's riots at 27 and said 300 were wounded. Earlier official reports said 18 were killed and some 200 were wounded — 100 of them seriously enough to require hospitalization.

Riot troops opened fire as thousands of demonstrators took to the streets to chant, "Death to Bakhtiar." Violent clashes were observed in the midtown area around Ferdowsi Square and near Tehran University, a hundred of demonstrators at least nine persons died and 30 others were wounded in clashes on Friday.

Clouds of black smoke rose from rubber tires burning at the center of intersections to obscure the demonstrators and ward off attacks.

Renewed violence was also reported from the Caspian Sea town of Rasht, where five persons died and 10 others were wounded in clashes Saturday, state radio reported.

Associated Press newsmen Thomas Kent reported from the capital's Esfand Square

that troops had opened up with heavy machine guns as a battle developed around a police station in the square.

Screaming rioters dove for cover and bullets slammed into buildings above their heads. Some demonstrators were wounded by ricochet.

Ambulances with flashing red lights raced in relays between the square and hospital.

After giving the initial toll, a hospital official said the wounded were being brought in with such frequency that "we've lost count."

Another AP newsmen, Robert Reid, reported from the Esfand area that he witnessed five demonstrators hit by bullets. As each demonstrator was shot, the cry of "death to Bakhtiar" rose from demonstrators covering in door ways. Self-appointed medics ran at a crouch into the street to drag the wounded out of the line of fire.

The mood of the demonstrators alternated between screaming defiance and stunned silence as the carnage continued.

Snipers also appeared to have opened up from perches on rooftops. Near the university, rioters moved three city buses into the streets as barricades. One of the buses was set afire when demonstrators hurled firebombs at it.

Some of the flaming missiles were thrown toward the soldiers but missed their intended marks. Troopers responded with machine gun fire.

One of the dead at Pahlavi Hospital was a soldier shot in the stomach. Doctors said another soldier had been

wounded and was in surgery. The dead soldier shot himself after assassinating his Colonel, doctors told newsmen. But this could not be confirmed.

Most victims had been hit in the upper part of the body or the head, indicating the soldiers were shooting to kill, the surgeons said.

Five of the wounded were in comas, one doctor said. The wounded included a seven-year-old boy hit in the thigh.

Bakhtiar, appointed premier by the Shah shortly before the monarch's forced departure, has twice postponed the planned arrival of Khomeini.

Khomeini wants to return and set up an Islamic republic, while Bakhtiar, backed by a minority of royalists and, so far, by the army, wants a parliamentary democracy with the Shah staying on as a figurehead monarch.

Bakhtiar said in a radio interview Saturday night he had ordered troops only to fire in the air and use tear gas and water cannons to disperse demonstrators. A close aide of the premier said Sunday, "I am sure he did not order these shootings."

In Paris Khomeini said personally Sunday he would not receive Bakhtiar unless Bakhtiar first resigned his post.

The 78-year-old religious leader told reporters and followers at his suburban Paris headquarters: "I have said repeatedly that the deposed Shah was illegal. The parliament was illegal. The government of Bakhtiar is illegal, and those who are illegal I will not accept."

PLO says 5 killed in Natanya bombing
BEIRUT, Jan. 28 (Agencies) — Palestinian commandos said they killed at least five Israelis and wounded more than 55 in a bomb blast Sunday in the Israeli coastal resort of Natanya.

The Palestine News Agency Wafa quoted a commando spokesman as saying the operation was carried out by commandos belonging to a group formerly under the command of Abu Hassan, a Palestinian leader assassinated last Monday.

Several cars were destroyed in the explosion and firemen were still fighting the blaze in the resort's central market where a number of stores were destroyed, the spokesman said.

The commandos succeeded in planting the explosive, despite Israeli security checks and "moved on according to plan," the spokesman said.

Abu Hassan, code-name of Ali Hassan Salameh, security aide of commando chief Yasser Arafat, was killed in a car bomb explosion here together with four bodyguards and several passersby.

In Tel Aviv, police said two persons were killed and 35 were wounded in the blast. The bomb went off at 11:20 a.m. (0920GMT) in a garbage can in the resort town. Police said the device contained about half a kilogram of explosives.

Police closed off the area after the explosion to search for additional bombs but nothing was found and the area was reopened.

Israel radio reported "a number of Arabs" were taken into custody, after the explosion, "some as suspects and others 'for their own protection,'" as anti-Arab feeling was running high in the town.

Many of the casualties were caused by flying glass as shop windows were shattered in the blast. Police said six people were seriously wounded.

Police in every city Teng will visit are mounting extra security precautions.

Former President Richard Nixon, who initiated the thaw in U.S.-Chinese relations in 1971, is returning briefly from political exile in California to attend a state dinner for Teng on Monday evening. Nixon's presence, at Carter's invitation, will be his first return to the White House since leaving it in disgrace.

Algiers parley disbands Council of the Revolution

ALGIERS, Jan. 28 (R) — The congress of Algeria's sole party, the National Liberation Front (NLF), announced Saturday night that the Council of the Revolution, which ruled the country for almost 14 years, has been disbanded.

Acting head of state Rabah Bitat made the announcement in a speech opening the party's first congress, called to nominate a successor to the late President Houari Boumediene.

The Council of the Revolution, headed by Boumediene, took power after the military coup of June 19, 1965, which toppled Algeria's first president, Ahmed Ben Bella.

Bitat said members of the council "had the historic honor to have ended their mission and to come before the congress as militants of the NLF."

Besides nominating a new presidential candidate, who will be confirmed in a national election on Feb. 7, the congress is to elect a new political leadership.

A central committee of between 150 and 200 members and a politbureau of up to 15 members and five alternate members are expected to be appointed to replace the council.

The remaining eight of the original 26 members of the council are expected to be included in the new leadership.

Staunch anti-Communists and radical leftists have threatened to protest Teng's visit at every stop. They have been given permits for rallies and marches Monday near the White House, where Teng and Carter will meet for the first

time. Police in Texas, Georgia and Washington State also are anticipating protests.

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Teng's jet touched down on U.S. soil

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (AP) — Teng Hsiao-ping, the driving force in China's outward reach to the West, came to the United States on Sunday for talks with President Carter and a coast-to-coast tour that will draw the most powerful and the most populous nations in the world closer together.

Teng departed Elmendorf Air Force Base Sunday for Washington and the official start of his historic visit to the United States.

The vice premier's silver and gray Boeing 707 touched down in Alaska for a 90-minute refueling stop before taking off again at 1359 GMT. Teng was to have arrived at Andrews Air Force Base outside Washington at 1919 GMT.

Top Chinese officials were greeted at Elmendorf by Leonard Woodcock, ambassador designate to China, and taken to an undisclosed location on the base in military cars. Other Chinese officials went by bus.

Teng was to have been welcomed by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, a 19-gun salute and diplomatic pageantry normally reserved for a head of state as he lands after the 11,500-mile flight from Peking.

The first of China's Communist leaders to visit this country, Teng is at the center of a nine-day whirl of meetings and ceremonies trumpeting a new era in the relationship between China and the United States. The new era began Jan. 1 with full diplomatic recognition between the two nations.

The splash will far exceed what is customarily arranged for visiting royalty and misters and is reminiscent of the celebrated 1959 visit of Nikita Khrushchev, the late Soviet leader.

Teng and Carter have scheduled six hours of meetings starting with a two hour session on Monday morning after a formal greeting on the South Lawn. That formal welcome, with its speeches and ceremony, will be Carter's first face-to-face encounter with China's 74-year-old vice premier.

During his stay in this country, Teng will visit a Ford plant near Atlanta, sample barbecue at a Texas rodeo and

inspect the Boeing plant in Seattle which will build three new Jambo jets for China at a cost of \$156 million.

A changing guard of Congress members and White House officials will accompany Teng around the United States. Telecasts will be beamed back to China by satellite.

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In Riyadh daily

Aide lashes Western criticism of price hike, OPEC investment

JEDDAH, Jan. 28—A senior Saudi official Sunday attacked the frequently critical response in the United States and European countries to the OPEC oil-price increase for this year and allegations that OPEC—and Arab—investment in these countries represented a threat to their national sovereignties.

In an article in the Riyadh daily "Al-Jazirah", Dr. Farouk Akhdar, secretary general of the Royal Commission for Jubail and Yanbu said that the overall 10 per cent price increase, agreed at OPEC's meeting in Abu Dhabi to December was only a small compensation for the erosion of producers' real income through inflation and the decline in the value of the dollar.

An increase of at least 50 per cent would have been necessary for full compensation, Dr. Akhdar wrote, considering that the real trade-weighted value of the dollar had dropped 30 per cent from its 1974 value.

Akhdar also said that but for Saudi Arabia, the increase at Abu Dhabi might have been considerably higher. "Saudi Arabia convinced other OPEC members that any larger increase might have hampered world economic recovery". This stand was made clear to U.S. Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal and a number of congressmen who visited the Kingdom before the Abu Dhabi meeting, he said. But he referred to Saudi

Arabia's rejection of a 10 per cent increase at the Doha meeting in 1977 and the subsequent two-tier pricing system for six months of that year which "almost weakened the organization"—an indication that Saudi Arabia was not willing to risk a split again.

Akhdar also noted the frequent attacks on OPEC as a major factor in western economic ills. "We might remind western commentators (that Milton Friedman himself—no particular friend of the Arabs—suggested that the (quadruple) price increases of 1973-1974 were directly responsible for only three per cent of the increase in retail prices in the United States."

Turning to allegations that OPEC was "buying up" the United States and Western Europe, Akhdar made the following points:

Royal commander is dead at 62

RIYADH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Prince Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Sudairi, responsible for security operations on the southern and northern borders under King Abdul Aziz and King Faisal, died here Sunday. He was 62.

Prince Faisal bin Saad and Defense and Aviation Minister Prince Sultan Sunday led prayers for the prince, who also commanded the Mujahidin brigade in Palestine in the reign of King Abdul Aziz.

The body will be flown to Qassim Sunday for burial.

—Actual OPEC investment in the United States in 1977 measured only \$36 billion out of a total financial investment there of \$3,300 billion.

—OPEC does not own even one per cent of the stock of quoted American companies.

—OPEC holdings of U.S. treasury paper do not exceed 10 per cent of total holdings by non-Americans.

—Total OPEC deposits in U.S. banks are less than 2.5 per cent of total assets.

—And OPEC Eurodollar holdings are little more than 13 per cent of non-OPEC holdings.

Akhdar said that it was curious that countries that purport to champion free trade and the capitalist system and call for lifting restrictions to the free flow of capital should nevertheless object to OPEC investment.

"When they say that Arab investment in the United States conflicts with the country's sovereignty, they might remember that for forty years four American companies owned, in Aramco, the means of production of the greatest part of the Saudi national economy. Between 1933 and 1973, four U.S. oil companies wholly owned Aramco and enjoyed an income from production equal to approximately 80 per cent of the Saudi national income. In 40 years, these companies made profits of eight times their direct investment in Aramco."



INDUSTRY: Crown Prince Fahd Sunday evening conversing with Indian Industry Minister George Fernandez. Saudi Industry Minister Dr. Ghazi Algosaihi is at left.

Fahd sees Indian industry minister

JEDDAH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Crown Prince Fahd received visiting Indian Minister of Industry George Fernandez at the royal palace here Sunday.

Dr. Ghazi Algosaihi, Saudi

minister of industry and electricity was also present. Later, the crown prince received Ahmed bin Soudah, head of the Moroccan Royal Cabinet and Sheikh Muhammad bin Muhammad Al-Khafi, foreign minister of Bahrain.

The Bahraini minister arrived here Sunday to convey a message to the crown prince from the island's ruler Sheikh Isa bin Salman Al-Khalifa.

Fund report says

State aid to industry reaches SR 4b

RIYADH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — The Saudi Industrial Development Fund by last June had committed a total of SR 4.24 billion in loans to help establish and expand 330 industrial projects.

During the 1977-1978 financial year alone, the fund extended 143 loans for industry worth over SR 2 billion. The fund said in its 1977-1978 annual report issued Saturday. Actual disbursements for industry now stand at SR 2.22 billion, of which SR 1.2 billion

was paid out in 1977-1978.

In the funds other main area of activity, lending for electricity projects, 1977-1978 saw commitments of SR 7.2 billion disbursements of SR 6.8 billion and disbursements of SR 6.8 billion. Up to the end of that year, the fund had committed SR 12 billion in loans to 79 local utilities.

The report said that fund-aided industries had commenced paying back instalments on the interest-free loans permitting the fund to recycle the debts and extend its services. By the end of 1977-1979 instalments paid back totalled SR

70 million.

Meanwhile, loans granted by the Saudi Credit Bank to Saudi professionals and craftsmen wishing to set up workshops or shops of their own after graduating from vocational training centers will be increased from present maximum of SR 7,000 to SR 100,000.

The Ministry of Social Affairs and Labor said that the Royal Court had approved the increase to encourage skilled young Saudis to sell skilled labor and open workshops to offset a serious shortage of such services.

As example

Islamic fund to seek increased Saudi help

By A Staff Reporter

JEDDAH, Jan. 28 — A senior delegation from the Islamic Solidarity Fund, an autonomous body of the Islamic Conference, is expected to seek an appointment with King Khalid and request that the present Saudi annual contribution to the fund be increased five-fold, as an example to other member states.

The suggestion was made here Sunday by Dr. Izzeddin Ibrahim, the fund's chairman and cultural adviser to Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan Al-Nahyan, the president of the United Arab Emirates.

He was opening the 13th session of the permanent council of the fund at the headquarters of the Organization of the Islamic Conference.

Saudi Arabia's present annual contribution to the fund is \$5.5 million. The proposed increase would amount to \$27.5 million.

In his opening address, Dr. Ibrahim also urged a permanent renovation, improvement and enhancement of methods for spreading the Islamic faith.

The fund's evening session

was addressed by Sir Harold Beeley, a former British ambassador to Egypt during the Nasser era, and present chairman of the World of Islam Festival Trust in London.

The World of Islam Festival was held in 1976 in London. Because of the considerable interest it generated, it was decided that a private trust should continue to exist as a charitable and cultural foundation.

The trust aims to publish aspects of the Islamic and Arab heritage through books, conferences and other activities.

In his address to the council, Sir Harold said that the trust would seek advice and financial assistance for a roving exhibition of reproductions of Quran manuscripts and for the restoration of Islamic monuments in Egypt and in Jerusalem including the Azhar complex and the Jerusalem Museum near Al-Aqsa mosque.

The trust operates with funds generated by the 1976 festival and invested to cover its administrative expenses. Activities are financed by Muslim governments.

Medina chief to dedicate housing

MEDINA, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Governor of Medina Prince Abdul Momen bin Abdul Aziz will lay the foundation stone Monday of a housing complex and commercial center on Endowment (Awqaf) land here. The complex will comprise a series of Al-Medina Endowments said a SR 212 million contract of 102,433 square meters. Habib Mahmoud, the supervisor of Al-Medina Endowments, said a SR 212 million contract was signed recently with a Saudi-foreign joint venture.

Jordanian aide briefed on plan

RIYADH, Jan. 28 (SPA) — Jordanian Minister of Endowments and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al-Sharif Sunday visited the Ministry of Planning for a briefing by Deputy Minister Dr. Faisal Bashir on the second development plan. He also visited Riyadh University and Imam Muhammad bin Saud Islamic University where he met Rector Dr. Abdullah bin Abdul Momen Al-Turki. Al-Sharif later inspected King Faisal Specialist Hospital and the Medical Research Center here.

Subsidies, water projects

Hail Bedu, farmers get ministry boost

HAIL, Jan. 28 (AP) — Subsidies to growers of cereals and dates and to graziers in this northern town have contributed to the expansion of cultivation and an improvement in agriculture and stockbreeding. Muhammad Al-Rajhi, regional director of agriculture and water said this week.

Hail, which is the most important center for animal husbandry in the Kingdom, now supports nearly four million cattle, sheep and camels over an area of 160,000 square kilometers, Rajihi said.

In the last financial year, SR 120 million was given out to livestock farmers, SR 10 million to arable farmers and SR 1.5 million to owners of palm gardens, Rajihi said.



CAMEL SUQ: The camel market at Hail one of the most important centers of livestock sales in Saudi Arabia.

The region now includes some 400 hamlets and bedu million donoms of land have settlements and 4,000 agricul-

and east of the region under the agrarian reform law, he added.

But the proportion of the Hail population engaged in settled agriculture is still small, Rajihi said. In the whole region there are only 1,200 persons occupied in arable farming and date culture. Of these about 40 per cent are skilled in modern farming methods, he said.

To encourage farming, the directorate has issued 1,330 licenses for the drilling of wells, of which nearly 50 per cent have been completed.

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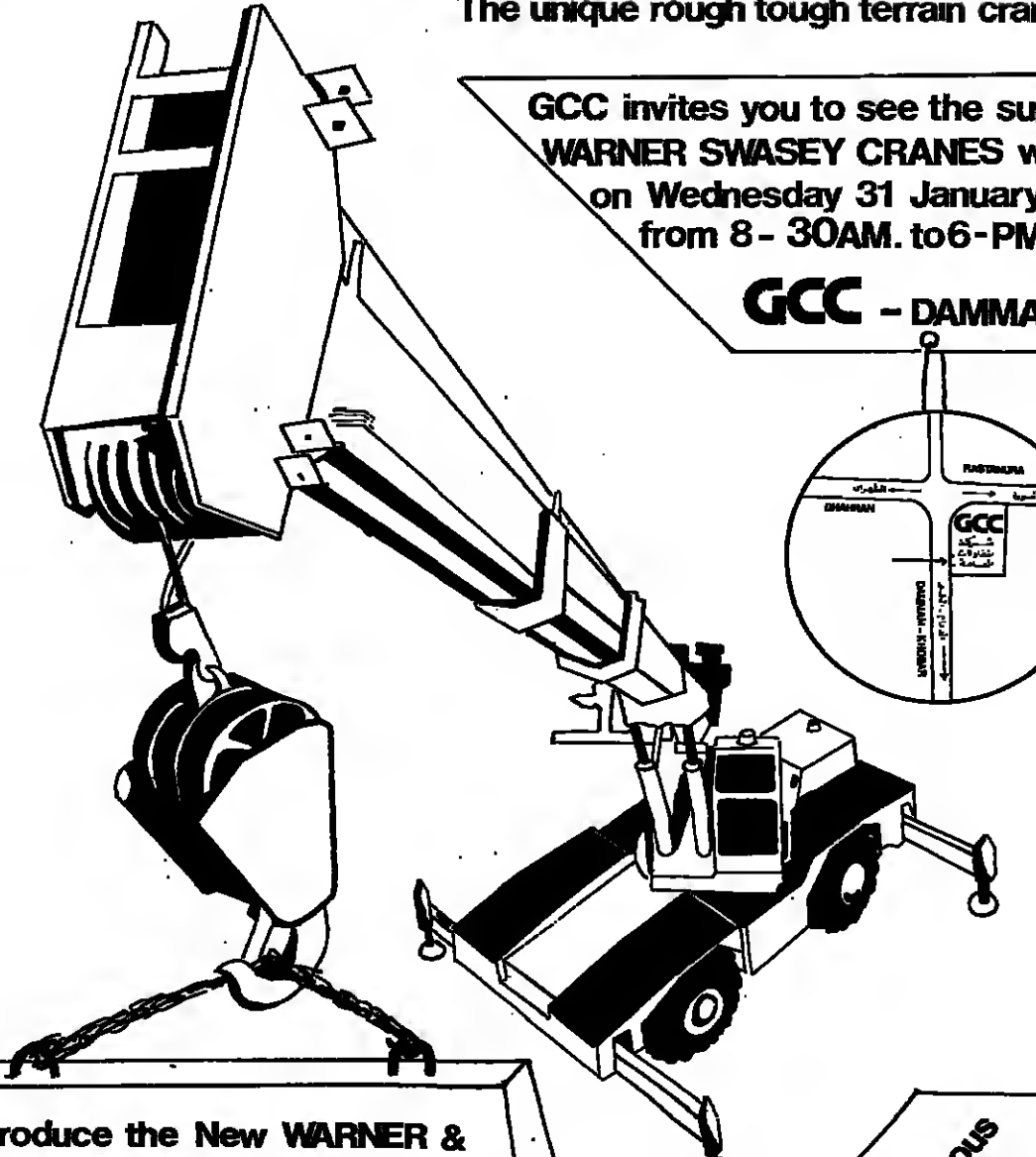
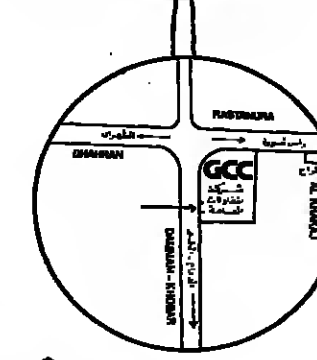
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Gunmen in Tehran ambush Abadan parliament deputy

TEHRAN, Jan. 28 (Agencies) — Gunmen shot and killed a member of the Iranian parliament Sunday as he returned to the Chamber from his home, Radio Iran reported.

The deputy, Gholam Hussein Fathi, had surgery in hospital for several bullet wounds, including one in the chest, the radio said.

Daneshi, a member of the Majlis (lower house) for the oil-rich province of Abadan, was driving on the main road near his home in Tehran when two or three gunmen blocked his way and the occupants opened fire.

The assailants escaped, and the radio did not say who was responsible.

Communist Tudeh Party, "Islam is a force capable of confronting and opposing Communism."

The magazine quoted Khomeini as saying. The maneuvers of the Soviet Union, are directed not only against Iran but against other Islamic and Arab peoples.

His followers were also quoted by the magazine as saying,

"The Ayatollah believes that the primary aim of Communism is to undermine Islam everywhere and, therefore, Communism should have no place in the Islamic world."

Meanwhile, newspapers here Sunday condemned the arrest of five Iranian journalists by martial law authorities and said the press would not be intimidated.

Closure of F-5 deal imminent, Egypt says

CAIRO, Jan. 28 (Agencies) — A regime strength of French-made Crotale missiles was delivered to Egypt Saturday and the 50 F-5 warplane deal with the United States is to be signed in the near future, Defense Minister Issam Ali announced Saturday.

He said the Egyptian armed forces will soon be equipped with "ultra-modern tanks" and new armored vehicles, but did not specify the sources of this hardware. Nor did he give details of the missile or warplane deals.

He said the multi-million dollar AOF — comprising Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates — had concluded contracts with the two countries for the manufacture under license of Alpha-jet training planes and

multi-purpose Lynx helicopters. Gen. Ali, who led the Egyptian delegation to the Washington peace talks with Israel which ended in deadlock two months ago, called on Israel "to reconsider its attitude and to realize that peace is in its interest, as well as in the interest of all the people in the region," the Middle East News Agency (MENA) said.

Gen. Ali said a plan for continued development of the Egyptian armed forces was under way "to maintain its combat ability and to remain always capable of defending peace and repelling any foreign aggression against Egyptian borders," MENA said.

Gen. Ali said the Egyptian southern borders were those of Sudan since the two countries had a joint defense pact.



MILLION-STRONG: More than a million supporters of an Islamic republic for Iran were assembled around the Shayed Mooument (Shah memorial) earlier this month in a powerful show of strength against the civilian government left behind by the Shah. Similar demonstrations were held around the country Sunday, and a parliament deputy was wounded in the capital.

On comprehensive peace

Bonn aide supports Sadat's stance

CAIRO, Jan. 28 (AP) — West Germany supports President Anwar Sadat's efforts to achieve a comprehensive Middle East settlement with Israel, West German Minister of State for Foreign Affairs declared here Saturday.

Hildegard Hamm-Bruecher, asked about Sadat's reported intention to visit Bonn next spring, said the German government has not been officially approached. But she added that "President Sadat is always welcome in my country."

She met Saturday with Acting Foreign Minister Bures Ghali.



Bures Ghali

Ghali, she said, spoke about the current visit of U.S. roving ambassador Alfred Atherton to Egypt and Israel and his bid to smooth over some of the problems impeding the peace process.

"Dr. Ghali told me that Egypt will stick to its demand for an over-all Mideast settlement that links the Sinai treaty to Palestinian autonomy in

Gaza and the West Bank of Jordan," Hamm-Bruecher was quoted by the official Egyptian Middle East News Agency as saying.

She also quoted Ghali as reaffirming that Egypt was not after a separate peace with Israel. The German minister expressed hopes that other Arab powers will join in Egypt's negotiations.

Hamm-Bruecher also conferred with Education Minister Hassan Ismail and handed him a 20,000 Deutschmark check to finance the restoration of a Coptic Christian church in the old sector of Cairo.

She also inaugurated the General Service Laboratory at the National Research Institute, for which the Bonn government had donated three million marks.

Germany last year extended technical assistance and an unspecified sum to help restore the Mosque of Ahmed Ibn Tulun in the eastern sector of Cairo.

For talks on Horn situation

Kenya leader going to Addis Ababa

NAIROBI, Jan. 28 (R) — Kenyan President Daniel Arap Moi begins a three-day official visit to Ethiopia Monday for talks with the Marxist military leaders about cooperation and their shared fears of Somali intentions in the Horn of Africa.

The president, accompanied by a powerful delegation of about 18 ministers and officials, will be making his second trip

outside Kenya since succeeding President Jomo Kenyatta who died last August. He visited Paris, Brussels and London in November.

Official sources said the Ethiopian head of state, Mengistu Haile Mariam, had invited President Moi to Addis Ababa to thank him for his support against a Somali invasion force from Ethiopia's eastern Ogaden Region last year.

Kenya offered transit facilities for Ethiopian fuel and equipment.

Kenya also shares a border with Somalia, which in the past has expressed a desire to unite all the Somalis in the region under one flag, eliminating frontiers drawn by old colonial powers.

Official maps printed in Mogadishu show the Somali nation extending deep into Ethiopia and northern Kenya.

Somalia is watching the visit with particular interest and the Somali ambassador in Nairobi last week called on President Moi. No details of the discussions were released.

Diplomatic sources here said there appeared to be no great significance for the internal or external policies of Ethiopia and Kenya.

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Sabbath protests bring arrests near Tel Aviv

TEL AVIV Jan. 28 (AP) — Angry demonstrations erupted in two separate incidents in Israel Saturday as orthodox Jews accused Israeli authorities of sanctioning violations of the Sabbath.

On the new road leading from Jerusalem to the Ramot neighborhood, approximately 2,000 demonstrators lined one side of the road, shouting "Sabbath" at passing cars to protest their traveling on Saturday — the Jewish day of rest.

The other side of the road was lined with other residents of Ramot who demanded that local authorities control the orthodox demonstrators and allow traffic to pass freely. Other Ramot residents drove up and down that section of the road in defiance of their orthodox neighbors.

The new Ramot road runs past one Orthodox neighborhood and since it opened in the end of December, 1978, residents of that neighborhood have gathered each Saturday to protest the traffic they say disturbs their rest.

Passing cars have been stoned, although most of the demonstrations consisted of angry shouting and attempts to block the road.

This Saturday demonstrators from both sides of the road were arrested for disturbing the peace and provoking each other.

On Saturday evening in the ultra-orthodox quarter of Mea Shearim, demonstrators littered their own streets with garbage and then stoned cars entering their quarter and smashed the windows and slashed the tires of a public bus which drove into Mea Shearim after sundown.

They were apparently protesting the decision of authorities to keep the new Ramot road open despite protests calling for it to be closed on Saturdays.

When police arrived in Mea Shearim to break up Saturday's disturbance they were stoned and two Mea Shearim residents were arrested for the stonings, Israel Radio said. The radio said one policeman was injured by a rock thrown during the demonstration.

Soviet meets N. Yemen minister

SANAA Jan. 28 (R) — The head of the Soviet Foreign Ministry's Near Eastern Department met North Yemeni Foreign Minister Abdullah Al-Asnag, Sanaa television reported. The official, Oleg Grinevsky, is on a tour of Arab countries and is also due to visit Kuwait and Jordan.

Ford ends 3-day Jordan visit

AMMAN, Jan. 28 (R) — Former United States President Gerald Ford and his wife Betty left the Red Sea port of Aqaba Sunday after a three-day visit to Jordan. During his stay he had talks on the Middle East with King Hussein. His next destination was not disclosed.

S. Yemeni leader to visit Kuwait

KUWAIT, Jan. 28 (R) — South Yemeni President Abdul-Fattah Ismail will pay a three-day official visit to Kuwait on Feb. 5 officials here said.

The South Yemeni leader is expected to hold talks with high Kuwaiti officials. President Ismail is now on an official visit to Libya.

Train deaths reach 79 in Dacca

DACCA, Jan. 28 (AP) — The death toll from Friday's train accident near Chuadanga, about 240 kilometers north of Dacca, has risen to 79 with three injured dying in hospital, officials reported Sunday. The conditions of 13 others were described as serious.

Poland grants Zia \$90m credit

KARACHI, Jan. 28 (AP) — Poland is to provide about \$90 million credit to Pakistan to buy eight general cargo vessels under an agreement signed Sunday. The agreement was described as "the biggest trade deal between Pakistan and Poland so far." Under the terms of the agreement, five of the ships would be delivered to Pakistan in 1981, and the remaining three thereafter.

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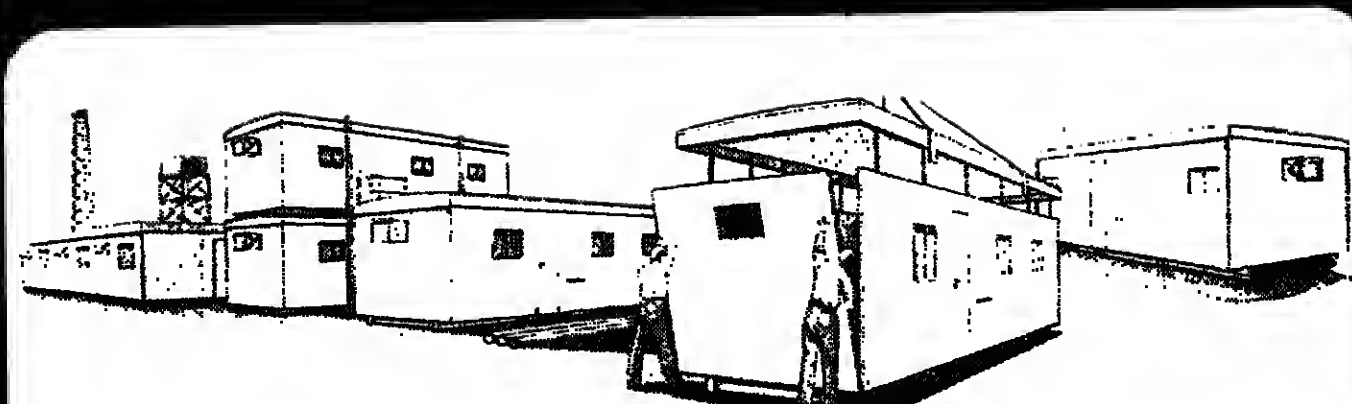
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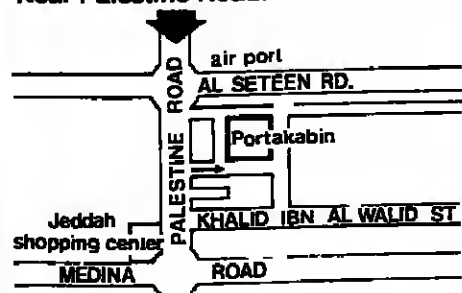
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Vietnamese suffering heavy losses

The Vietnamese seized Cam-

25 hostages safe

Soviets worried over chance of Chinese attack on Vietnam

TABLE 1

Osaka bank gunman killed in rescue

The hostages were rescued when police managed to maneuver behind one of the gunman's makeshift barricades and shoot him from 10 meters. The wire operation took one minute, police said.

NEW YORK, Daniel Kelly, who had spent the past 21 years in Chinese labor camps because he would not renounce his American citizenship, is interviewed Friday by Sandy Hill on ABC's "Good Morning America". Friday Roman Roman, a Soviet citizen, was released after 26 years in Chinese prisons.—(UPI photo)

Soviet citizen flies to America after 26 years in Chinese jail

After police shouted "lie down" to 25 hostages in the bank, a team of 33 officers in bulletproof jackets stormed in from all directions.

The gunman was reported sitting in the branch manager's chair in a corner of the bank, surrounded by hostages.

"We planned to storm into

It comes just before the visit to Washington of Chinese Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-peng. "It's China's way of starting off good relations," Bortone said.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28 (AP) — A woman claiming to have nitroglycerin hijacked a United Airlines jumbo jet with 131 persons aboard Saturday night on a flight from Los Angeles to New York, authorities said. After 6 1/2 hours of negotiation,

Woman hijacker arrested after 6-hour U.S. siege

Federal Bureau of Investigation spokesman Quentin Erstel said the woman was overpowered by FBI agent Walter Yoos after extended discus-

Ertel said the flight bag the woman was carrying contained only personal items, including perfume and a plane ticket.

As voting draws close

Rhodesian referendum hangs in balance

The latter lobby believes a "no" vote would stop the Salisbury coalition in its tracks.

The "Sunday Mail"—which
common with all other
modern newspapers, black



and white-orientated, has advocated a "yes" vote — appealed to South Africa, Rhodesia's only ally, to help Rhodesians make up their minds.

The police raid was staged by a special group of 33 officers, including six marksmen.

Umekawa underwent a three-and-half-hour operation to save his life but he was pronounced dead nine hours after his capture.

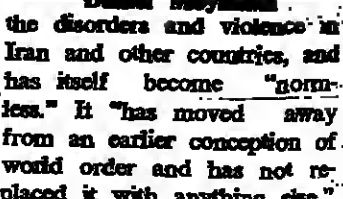
Moynihan mourns lost world peace

The United Nations, he said is composed primarily of totalitarian governments.

"The totalitarians now have a working majority and the institution responds increasingly to totalitarian norms," he told the audience of 500 law

said. However, observers noted that the veto was written into the U.N. system when the

He said that the United States as part of the U.N. has failed to "respond to the violations of the charter" such as



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Liu Shao-chi's death announced; widow honored

TOKYO, Jan. 28 (AP) — Liu Shao-chi, former president of China who was purged as a "capitalist road" for some of the policies China now is embracing, is dead, China's official Hsinhua news agency indicated Sunday.

Hsinhua did not say when or how Liu died. He would have been 81 this year.

In a report on Saturday's lunar new year celebrations, Hsinhua said those attending included Wang Kuang-mei, widow of Liu Shao-chi. There have been previous reports that Liu was dead, but there was no independent way to confirm them.

His widow's appearance at the party attended by Communist Party Chairman Hua Kuofeng and other top party and state leaders indicated a measure of rehabilitation for the former president's reputation.

Peking Radio, monitored in Tokyo, quoted Liu's widow as saying this was the first time in 11 years she had enjoyed the lunar new year together with the people and she was very happy.

Also moving back into the limelight at the lunar new year celebrations was former Peking Mayor Peng Chen making his first public appearance in Peking for the first time since he was purged during the height of the Cultural Revolution.

In January 1967, radical Red Guards had forced both Liu and his wife to recite quotations from the works of Chairman Mao Tse-tung after Liu had been branded "the No. 1

party person in authority taking the capitalist road."

Liu was expelled from all party and government posts in 1968.

Second only to Liu in humiliation suffered in the Red Guard rampages of the 1966-69 Cultural Revolution was Teng Hsiao-ping, who made a comeback under Premier Chou En-lai in 1973, was purged again after Chou's death in January 1976, and now is back again as China's senior vice premier.

Teng is seen as the guide for China's shift from an ideological stance of rigid egalitarianism and self-reliance to an effort to modernize, turning to the West for cooperation in both economics and politics and letting the harder workers make more money.

But it was policies like these, when advocated by Teng and Liu in the 1960s, that brought Mao's wrath. Mao, feeling he and his continuous revolution policies were threatened, called out the youthful Red Guards to bring down those in high places who disagreed with him.

Like Mao, a native of Hunan province, Liu joined the Chinese Communist Party in Moscow in 1921, returned to underground work and labor agitation in China, and worked with Chou in Shanghai in 1931.

He was an army political commissar, acting Communist Party chairman, union leader and, with the Communist takeover in 1949, a national vice chairman, roughly equivalent to vice president.



MOONMOON: Nelson Rockefeller and his second wife, 'Happy', leave on their honeymoon in 1963. Sunday, American leaders honored the former governor, who died of a heart attack Friday night.

Carter leniency expected

Hearst may soon leave prison

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 28 (AP) — President Carter will probably commute Patricia Hearst's seven-year armed robbery sentence soon on a recommendation from the Justice Department, two newspapers reported Sunday.

The "San Francisco Examiner" reported that the recommendation was on the desk of White House Chief Counsel Robert Lipshutz on Friday.

The "Examiner" quoted unidentified White House sources as saying Carter was expected to issue the commutation "soon."

And the "Los Angeles Times," in a copyright story from Washington, reported an administration source saying the recommendation by Depu-

ty Attorney General Benjamin R. Civiletti would be on Carter's desk late Sunday when he returns from spending the weekend at Camp David, Maryland, the presidential retreat.

The "Times" said Carter is expected to commute the newspaper heiress' sentence in "a few days."

The story said Civiletti, in charge of clemency matters, told Attorney General Griffin Bell of his recommendation before sending it to the White House. Bell said Friday only that the recommendation was "in process," the "Times" said, adding that Bell has told friends he thought Miss Hearst should be freed.

The Justice Department refused comment on the news-

paper reports. Its statement said, "When the president reaches a decision on the recommendation, then an announcement will be made, and not before then."

Miss Hearst, who will be 25 on Feb. 20, has served 22 months of a seven-year sentence on her conviction of bank robbery with her former captors of the Symbionese Liberation Army in April 1974.

The robbery followed by nine weeks the heiress' abduction from her Berkeley apartment by SLA members. Next Sunday will be the fifth anniversary of that kidnapping.

Miss Hearst would be eligible for parole July 11 even if she does not win clemency.

U.S. pays tribute to Rockefeller

NEW YORK, Jan. 28 (R) — American leaders paid tribute to former Vice President Nelson Rockefeller, born to vast wealth and raised to serve the people, who died suddenly Friday night of a heart attack at the age of 70.

President Carter, expressing his sympathy to the Rockefeller family, called the four-time Republican New York governor one of the nation's most distinguished men.

"Nelson Rockefeller was born to privilege and he accepted his privilege as an obligation to serve his state and the nation," Carter said.

Former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, a protégé of Rockefeller for many years, called him "the greatest American I have ever known."

"The public admired him for his courage and his vision.... He lived for service to his country and mankind," he said.

U.S. seizes Japanese fishing boat

JUNEAU, Alaska, Jan. 28 (AP) — Because it allegedly had more fish in the hold than on its books, a Japanese fishing boat has been seized in the Bering Sea. A Coast Guard spokesman said Saturday. The 360-foot Tsuda Maru Out of Tokyo was seized Friday after a boarding party of Coast Guardsmen and National Marine Fisheries agents compared fish in the hold to documents aboard. The spokesman said 50 tons more of fish was on board than was supposed to be.

Amin seeks U.N. help on 'invasion'

NAIROBI, Jan. 28 (R) — Ugandan President Idi Amin has accused Tanzania of continuing an invasion of his country and has urgently asked the United Nations for a reply to his appeal for help. Radio Uganda said Saturday.

Death of Costa Rican girl probed

MANAGUA, Jan. 28 (AP) — The National Guard has said it was investigating the death of a 13-year-old Costa Rican girl allegedly shot near the border by a Nicaraguan soldier. If the soldier is found responsible "The weight of the law will fall on him," said Col. Aquiles Aranda Escobar.

Soviet support of Vietnam rapped

CALCUTTA, India, Jan. 28 (AP) — Several thousand pro-Peking demonstrators shouted slogans outside the Soviet Consulate in Calcutta Saturday and handed over a note protesting alleged Soviet backing of the Vietnamese invasion of Cambodia. The protest was peaceful.

Cuba claims U.S. foiled exile talks

VIENNA, Jan. 28 (AP) — Cuba's ambassador to Austria has charged that the United States has attempted to torpedo recent talks between his government and representatives of Cuban exiles by staging bomb attacks.



Star of 'Coming Home' says she's back to stay

HOLLYWOOD, California, Jan. 28 (AP) — Jane Fonda and Jon Voight, the illicit lovers of "Coming Home," were chosen the best actors of 1978 by the Hollywood Foreign Press Association at the Golden Globes Awards Saturday.

Miss Fonda, whose career went into an eclipse because of her opposition to the Vietnam War, starred in the film about a Vietnam War veteran's return home. She was named world film favorite.

"I guess I'm back," she joked to the film industry audience at the Beverly Hilton. "So is Nixon — only I'm getting paid and he is not."

"Heaven Can Wait," a light-hearted fantasy about a football player's return to Earth after a motorcycle death, won honors as Best Comedy or Musical Motion Picture of 1978.

Warren Beatty, who produced co-directed and starred in "Heaven Can Wait," the remake of "Here Comes Mr. Jordan" won Best Actor for a Comedy or Musical.

"Midnight Express," the hard-driving treatment of an American's imprisonment in Turkey, was a surprise winner as Best Dramatic Film. It was also honored for Oliver Stone's screen play.

Michael Cimino was chosen best director for "The Deerhunter."

"Holocaust," a television series on the Nazi brutality to Jews in Germany, won acting honors for Michael Moriarty and Rosemary Harris.

"Last Tango," from "Thank God It's Friday," was designated Best Motion Picture Song.

"Autumn Sonata" Ingmar Bergman's film of a mother-daughter relationship, was named Best Foreign Film of the Year.



Scenes from "Heaven Can Wait"

JASON AND JANE: Jane Fonda starred in 'Julia' last year with Jason Roberts. Saturday in Hollywood, she won a Golden Globe award for best actress of the year for her role in 'Coming Home' with Jon Voigt.



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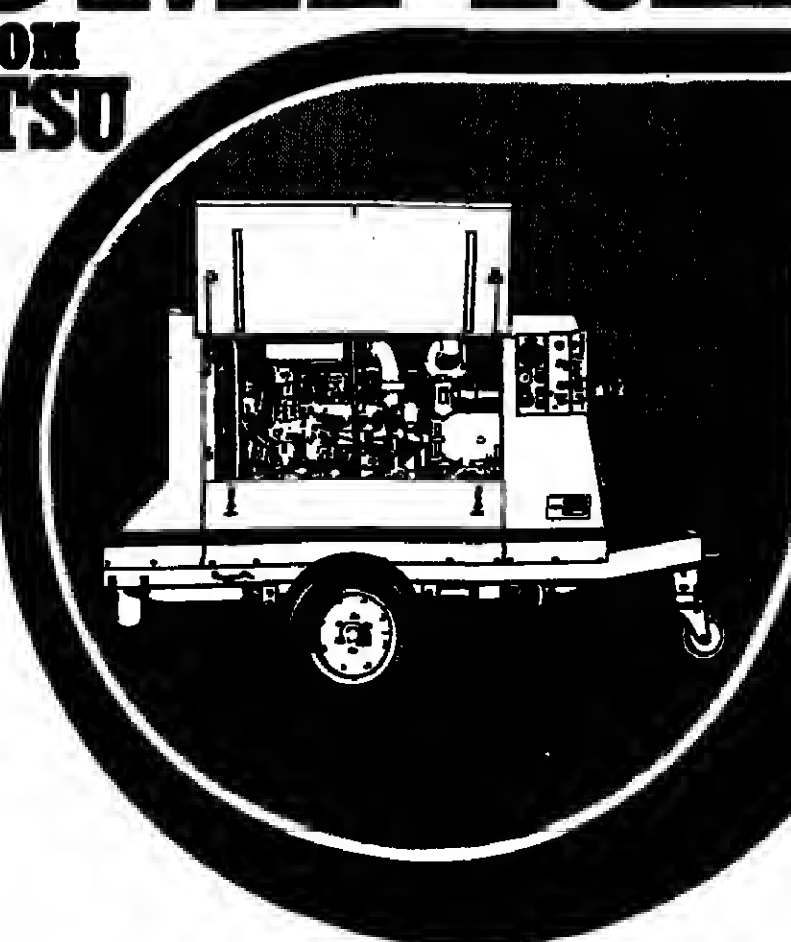
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DOUBLESPEAK?

Juanita Kreps, the U.S. Secretary of Commerce, has assured the Saudi government that her country will not throw up trade barriers blocking Jubail and Yanbu exports from a slice of the American market. That is good news.

It is also news with more than a trace of the American knack for doublespeak. Shortly before Mrs. Kreps' arrival, the Carter administration decreed a tariff on imported chemicals that apparently means a hefty surcharge on the bulk of goods Jubail and Yanbu are likely to produce.

According to European trade negotiators, who are now bickering with the United States at the Geneva talks covering the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), Washington's action raises U.S. tariffs on chemicals from the current rate of 12.5 per cent to 20 per cent or more over the next few years. The rate is expected to slide down again to 13.5 per cent by 1987.

By the mid-1980s, Saudi Arabia hopes to have five petrochemical complexes in production. Methanol, planes, fertilizer factories and stores of sulfuric acid will also be seeking markets. Many of these goods are destined for Asian or European countries, but the United States is also counted in current marketing strategies. A 20 per cent surcharge won't make these chemical products any easier to sell. If this sort of tariff isn't a trade barrier, what is?

The U.S. chemical industry is not America's healthiest. "Chemical Week" magazine recently forecast a breakeven year for the industry, and even that may prove optimistic. The industry faces its difficulties to government-mandated environmental regulations, inflationary materials' contracts and the high cost of energy. None of these ailments shows any sign of abating.

The top U.S. trade negotiator in Geneva, Robert Strauss, gave a glowing account of the GATT negotiations last week. Among Strauss' observations was one that seems particularly appropriate here:

"Producers and consumers the world over should no longer be forced to pay more due to the protection of inefficient industries through government policies that unduly obstruct fair competition. We have forcefully pressed our trading partners to provide fair access to their markets just as we have been willing to provide foreign producers with equitable access to our own markets."

Again, this is good news. Even as Strauss was delivering it, however, news of a different sort concerning the chemicals tariff was appearing in the pages of "The Washington Post" and the "International Herald Tribune." The article described "the precarious state of transatlantic efforts to reach a successful end to the multilateral trade negotiations underway in Geneva."

Doublespeak?

Palestinian Americans

By a Staff Reporter
 Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON—

Ten Palestinian-American organizations have decided to join forces in a national coalition to coordinate their activities in support of the Palestinian cause.

A preparatory committee set up last month during the first Palestinian American Congress in New York, is studying the possibility of creating a nationwide umbrella group—or Council of Palestinian Organizations—as well as a new Palestinian-American membership organization.

The committee includes representatives from ten Palestinian organizations in the United States and Canada. Also represented on the panel will be four at-large members and the six American members of the Palestine National Council. The PNC members will be ex-officio, and will not vote on the committee.

The panel will draft conventions for each of the two proposed entities, which will be presented to the next Palestinian American Congress, to be held in early summer.

The following Palestinian

organizations are represented on the panel: The American Arab Society; the American Federation of Ramallah, Palestine; the Beit Hanina Society; the Canada Palestine Association; the Committee for Democratic Palestine; C.O.P.I.N.E.; the Palestine Aid Society; the Palestine Arab Fund; the Palestine Red Crescent; and the United Holy Land Fund.

The first meeting of the Palestinian American Congress, held at New York's Bismore Hotel on Dec. 2-3, was addressed by Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organization.

Kaddoumi, who led the Palestinian delegation attending the U.N. General Assembly debate on the Palestine problem, congratulated the Palestinian Americans for organizing their first national congress and wished them success.

Other speakers at the conference included PLO official Shafik al-Hout, writer Dr. Fawaz Sayegh, and professors Dr. Edward Said, Dr. Naseer Aruri, Dr. Fouad Moughrabi, Dr. Ahmad Isa and Dr. Ibrahim Abu Lughod.



France and Iran

By Ronald Kove

PARIS—

If any Western country is well placed to profit politically and economically from the possible installation in Tehran of a government appointed by exiled leader Ayatollah Khomeini, it is France.

By allowing the Ayatollah to install himself in the Paris region on Oct. 6 and from his exile on French soil to lead his followers to the verge of victory, the French government has managed to keep on good terms with all sides in the Iranian drama.

The Shah never objected to the Ayatollah's presence in France. The French insist that, on the contrary, the ruler told French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing that he would rather have him issuing his thunderbolts from France than from some other country.

The French indicate that they kept checking back with the Shah until late in December to make sure he still had no objections to the Ayatollah's presence in France.

There are those in the French government who have not resisted the temptation to crow that Paris cleverly arranged the Ayatollah's presence here. But officials do know and admit that they merely tried to squeeze the maximum advantage from an opportunity that fell into their laps.

Khomeini, who had lived in exile for nearly 15 years in Iraq, was invited to leave that country. He had a valid visa for Kuwait, but the Kuwaiti government would not let him come. Paris was his next stop.

Khomeini stayed in France, in two working-class summer

cottages that seemed particularly unsuited for a long stay by an old man in the cold winter of a northern climate.

He and his family came without visas. Iranians only need their passports to enter France and remain for as long as three months. The French border policemen who check the passports of incoming airline passengers are reliably said not to have paid any particular attention to his arrival.

Apparently not realizing the importance of the old gentleman in the black turban and flowing robes, they just waved him through like any of the scores of Middle Easterners in native garb who fly into Charles de Gaulle Airport daily.

Once the French realized the importance of their guest, however, it is clear that they started thinking about how to combine maximum political advantage with minimum embarrassment.

Already in October, high officials close to Giscard say they had concluded that the Shah was politically doomed.

While the French Export Guarantee Insurance may have to pay out as much as \$2 billion if such French projects in Iran as the Tehran Metro and two nuclear power stations are canceled, the French admit that it was a lot easier for them to be realistic than the Americans because France has far fewer economic, political and military involvements in Iran.

Apart from reports of his highly experienced ambassador, Raoul Delage, Giscard also was briefed by his closest political friend, former Interior Minister Michel Poniatowski, who made five fact-finding trips

to Tehran, two of them between Christmas and early January.

When Giscard met President Carter at the four-power Western summit in Guadeloupe Jan. 5-6, the French leader was primed with a detailed analysis of Iranian developments. French officials maintain that what Carter heard from Giscard visibly shook him because it was different from what he was hearing from his own State Department, Pentagon and CIA analysts.

The analysis Giscard communicated to Carter, informed sources say, was that if the Shah remained in Iran there would be civil war and tens of thousands of arrests and killings. Meanwhile, the French said, time was being lost as Communists stepped up their infiltration of the religious movement.

In any civil war, the French argument went, the large number of U.S. military advisers were so closely interwoven with the Iranian military that they inevitably would be implicated in the fighting, willingly or not. This, the French noted, could serve as a pretext for the Soviets to invoke their still valid 1921 treaty with Iran saying that Moscow has the right to advance her operations if a third power should intervene militarily in Iran.

The Soviets refused as recently as 1959 to abrogate this clause, originally written to prevent the use of its southern neighbor as a base for Czarist forces to attack the shaky new Bolshevik government. Soviet involvement, the French say, could lead to a military crisis of major proportions. — (WP)

Turkey's economic crisis

By Emel Anli

ANKARA — Turks are living through a winter of hardship.

There are severe shortages of coffee, margarine, vegetable oil, medicine, fuel, light bulbs, detergents and X-ray film.

A shortage of cigarettes has resulted in a flourishing black market.

Newspaper owners and publishers complain of newsprint shortage and car owners of few spare parts.

In addition to regular power cuts of two hours or more daily in most cities, unexpected blackouts occur as the unpleasant reality of a major economic crisis creeps into people's daily lives.

The situation is exacerbated by poor public services and a pervasive fear of political terrorism or small time robberies and muggings, particularly rampant in the Istanbul metropolis of four million.

Travelers say things are much worse in eastern Turkey, where land transportation and distribution of goods are made difficult by a harsh winter.

Turkey's present foreign currency squeeze is largely responsible for many of the shortages. The nation simply cannot afford to import enough crude oil, coffee, medicine and other raw materials to meet demand.

Items domestically produced such as coal, margarine and paper are scarce because of insufficient output.

According to an Istanbul Chamber of Commerce report, average capacity utilization in private industry is 55.8 percent.

In a survey of 429 companies, 151 cited inability to import necessary raw materials as the cause for the slackening pace of production. Others blamed power cuts, financing difficulties and labor problems. All told, 83 percent of companies predicted further decline in output this year. Most of them ruled out any plans for new investment.

Nelson Rockefeller

By Cliff Hanes

WASHINGTON — Nelson A. Rockefeller once said he had thought about being president of the United States ever since he was a child.

"After all, when you think of what I had, what else was there to aspire to?" he said. But that life-long aspiration of the multimillionaire was never fulfilled, and the former vice president and four-term Republican governor of New York spent the last months of his life selling reproductions from his art collection and telling audiences, "Ten out of politics, and into art."

Rockefeller, who died Friday night in New York City at the age of 70, ended his career as a national political figure Jan. 20, 1977, when he left the office of vice president.

He was confirmed as President Gerald Ford's vice president Dec. 19, 1974, succeeding Ford, who became president when Richard Nixon resigned the presidency.

It was in 1958, though, that Rockefeller announced that only in elective office could he "accomplish anything."

He had entered New York politics in 1956 as chairman of a commission that was considering revisions in the state constitution, and his first big break came in 1958 when state Republican leaders de-

The inflation rate has been running at 60 percent a year for the past two years.

In one year, from January 1978 to January 1979, rents have gone up by 80 percent. A liter of milk jumped from \$0.32 to \$0.60. A dozen eggs now cost \$1.56 compared with \$0.76 a year ago and a pound of chicken \$1.60 instead of \$1.00.

During the same period, prices of postal services, gasoline, electricity and gas have been doubled and water bills tripled.

Unionized workers have tried to compensate for the inflation by demanding 100 percent or higher pay increases in negotiating new contracts. They still claim they are trailing inflation because higher wages put them in higher tax brackets.

A plan to moderate wage increases failed because the government could not reciprocate by keeping prices under control.

Failure to deliver vital public services also has added to people's frustrations, particularly in big cities.

Garbage remains uncollected for weeks in downtown Ankara. Many areas of the city are frequently without water.

Bus companies have reduced services for lack of diesel oil. Trains are viewed with suspicion following six crashes in recent weeks with a death toll of 47.

After an outbreak of sectarian violence last month which claimed more than 100 lives in one weekend, the government declared martial law in 13 out of 67 provinces, including the major cities of Istanbul and Ankara. Since then, bombings and indiscriminate shootings are on decline, but residents are still wary.

A program to provide "fast economic relief" to Turkey is reportedly being launched by major Western powers in accordance with an agreement reached at the recent meeting in Guadeloupe between the U.S., British, French and West German heads of government.

Observers also noted that his unique combination of charm and forcefulness contributed to his political success.

He was an upset winner over Harrison and was re-elected in 1962, 1966 and 1970. He dominated New York's state legislature and politics during his 15 years in office, and used any spare time he could find to pursue that ambition he had apparently held since childhood — the presidency.

A 1962 divorce from his first wife, Mary Tod Hunter Clark, and his marriage in 1963 to Margaretta Fidler "Happy" Murphy, was a short-lived complication in his political career.

He first began testing the presidential waters shortly after his inauguration in 1959, but decided against a run after he concluded that then-Vice President Nixon had the Republican nomination locked up.

Rockefeller said that in 1960, Nixon offered him the vice presidential nomination and he had turned it down.

The New York governor

But there is concern here that aid might arrive too late or too little to save the government of Premier Bulent Ecevit or the economy.

Turkey's foreign debt stands at \$15 billion, including \$3 billion of short-term loans, either due or about to come due. At least 3 million persons, out of a work force of 16 million, are jobless.

Turkey's economic ills have long been in the making.

Under a democratic regime powerful labor unions have flourished and a consumer society has been created. Turkey suffered heavily from the increase in petroleum prices and the corresponding rises in the prices of manufactured goods from the West.

Western banking sources have claimed mismanagement of foreign borrowing, mostly short-term loans, is partially responsible for the current foreign exchange squeeze.

Some observers believe Ecevit lost the momentum to demand sacrifices from the nation. The time was when he first took over a year ago, when the public was considered ready to give him a chance and the responsibility for unpalatable moves could be laid at the door of the previous government, they say.

Ecevit's new economic team sought a stand-by agreement with the International Monetary Fund, believing this would serve as a "green light" to private sources of foreign finance, enabling Turkey to reschedule old debts and obtain fresh loans.

A series of austerity measures, including a devaluation, were implemented.

But at present, relations with the IMF are suspended. The belt-tightening package and the performance of the economy in 1978 were not deemed satisfactory by the Fund. Fresh loans were withheld. — (AP)

saudi press review

"Al-Bilad" analyzed the forthcoming visit to France by the Israeli foreign minister and said that Moshe Dayan's choice of France is significant because that country has pioneered an independent European policy towards the Middle East question. Besides, the Israelis intend to create a political row that is calculated to enervate them from the present crisis which has resulted from their continued intransigence. Franco-Israeli relations are not at their best, as Israel considers the French view to be pro-Arab.

Hence the Israeli attempts to rally French support and undermine France's balanced outlook on Middle Eastern affairs.

"While Israel continues to reject a just and lasting peace, it will persist in maintaining its sources of economic, political and military support."

"At the same time," the paper said, "the Arab world is

divided, and the absence of meaningful joint action has weakened their case. The Arabs cannot regain their past effectiveness unless they unite."

Commenting on the Arab information ministers conference in Baghdad, "Al-Medina" accused Arab media of "gross negligence and inefficiency on a worldwide basis."

The paper said that Arab information media and writers are often preoccupied with attacking each other and are seldom employed in the service of the larger Arab cause.

"Nor are we concerned with the vicious campaigns launched against us by foreign media and writers who had portrayed the Arab as a creature whose sole concerns are good food and women."

"The present standard of Arab media is deplorable to say the least," the paper said, as it wished the conference success.

led's instructions to the Crown Prince to report on the storm damage in Jeddah and other parts of the western region, "Oklaz" said "this is a conscious act of royal solicitude in view of the disruption and losses incurred by the people."

"The rainstorm has thrown into sharp relief the defects of the telephone, electricity, drainage and municipal services as a whole."

Discussing drainage facilities the paper said that a certain company "has been digging for over 17 years in Jeddah alone, and the result is that the streets of the city are a patchwork of holes, ditches and bumps despite the enormous sums of money the government has been spending on this project."

"This matter has assumed greater urgency now on account of the storm which has revealed the nature of the job being undertaken by this com-

pany and other firms."

"Oklaz" said that the education system in Saudi Arabia is unique in that it is based on the school and the mosque — two pillars of child care and education.

"The second five year plan for education has laid down a formula for teaching that aims at educating the child to become a good citizen and not merely a passive recipient of knowledge."

"This is supported by a massive budget that amounts to SR. 51,892 million which reflects the importance attached to education by the Saudi government."

Forbidden fruit takes sweetest — OKLAZ!

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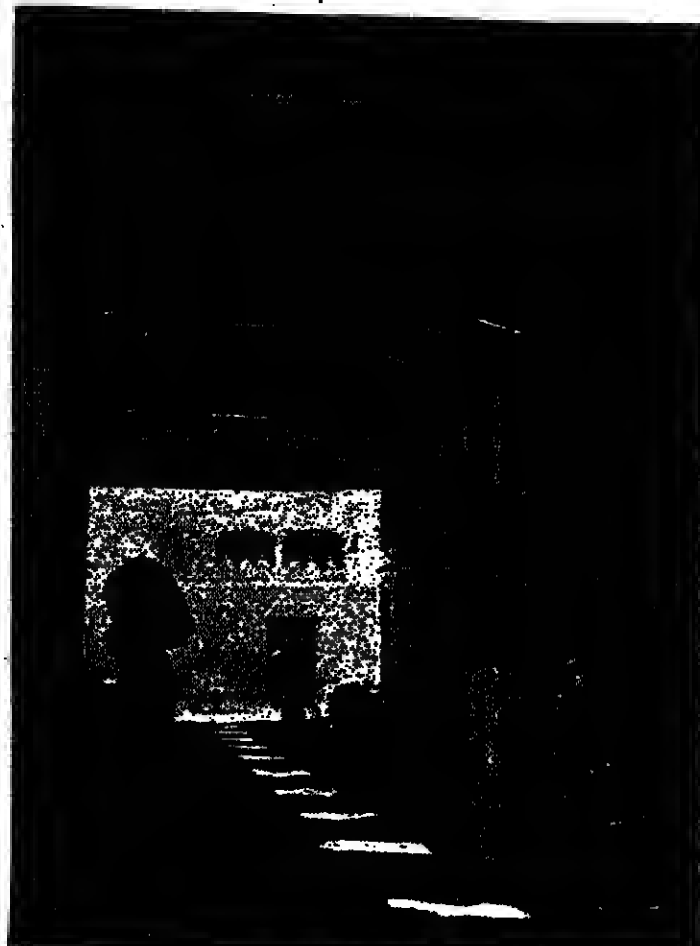
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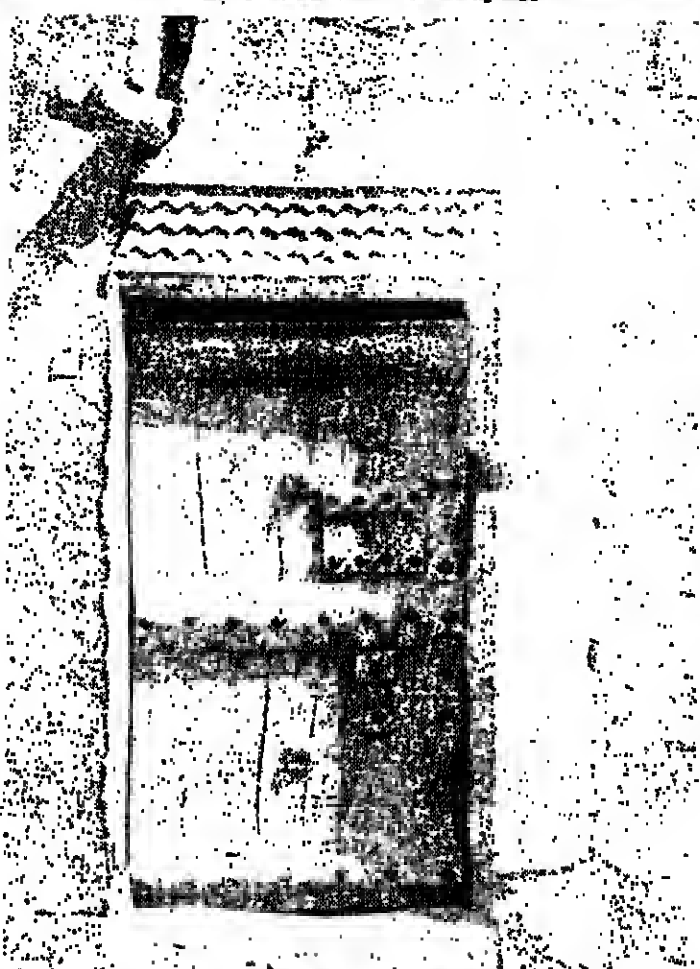


Green villages in a winding sheet of sand

By Ronald Ingrams
BURAYDAH — Palm groves and walls of greyhite starkly announce the outskirts of the town to the weary traveler from Medina. Hundreds of kilometers of whitish, stony desert separate these towns, but there is little diversion between the great rock at Hail and this fertile, flat country of Qasim.



The covered souk in Buraydah



A carved door in Buraydah

Qasim is a belt of country south of Hail and Jeddah. In the Nejd, Shammar and Onaizab are principal towns of the area. Charles Doughty, traveling from Hail southwards put a hundred years ago, described the Qasim with its many green villages "in a winding sheet of sand." The flatness of the landscape outside the villages is a strange impression, part from a few isolated tall plantations, the land without a single feature, lying through such a black sky can be dangerous, for there is a strong temptation to fall asleep in the heat of day.

At a friend's farm a few miles west of the road, change in scenery was a surprise. There was a roll of land, instantly refreshing to the eyes. We found ourselves in an orderly estate, among palms and fragrant encalyp-

The enlightened farm owner is experimenting with cat-breeding, owns large flocks of sheep and, in addition to usual palms, has planted in and olive trees. We saw pomegranates, too, fields of alfalfa and corn, and, most helpful of all, a herd of cattle. Kept for their grace and the gazelle wanders at will.

The farm is kept lush by a network of irrigation channels fed from wells sunk to almost unbelievable depths, 1500 meters. (Qasim is as much for the availability of ground water as for favorable rainfall.) The country lies about Buraydah and Onaizab: it is as if, at first to see the plantations growing under the edge of big dunes, weaves dotted with bushes. And from hence appeared teamlike spotlights in a clay town built in this sand with enclosing walls and towers and streets and there beside dark wood of tamarisks, upon high dunes! is Boreyda. And that is the minaret in the town is their great masjid. I saw, it were, Jerusalem in the night.

Thus wrote Doughty, but how little true is his description now. The modern village must try to ignore the faded disorder of the pre-bomb of building, the rash villas, of dual carriageways, giant arcades, and the

graceless breezeblock shopping streets. In order to find the old Buraydah a search is needed, one which is still rewarding. The old central square of the town still seems to be the

focus of much activity. The clay-built mosque with its tall minaret stands on one side, by the watermelon sellers. At the southern end of the square, booths line the three sides, opening on the west into long

covered alleys. These are tall, cool and quiet, with a few rays of sun slanting through narrow upper openings. Only a few traders were about and our appearance caused some surprise. Were we Turkish? Certainly our loaded vehicles prompted inquiries from passersby as to whether we were Hajjis, for it was the Hajj period.

The only relic we encountered of Doughty's time was an unwillingness to suffer unveiled females in a certain tent-maker's shop. This was a fascinating place, heaped with every accoutrement for nomad life, including long decorated woven strips for partitions within the tent. The tent pegs were of solid metal, not as once they sometimes were, of ox horn.

"Boreyda is a great civil township of the midland Nejd life ... it is joined to the northern settled countries by the trading caravans," Doughty wrote. The place was a crossroads for the traffic from Kuwait and Basra to the east, from Syria to the north, and from Mecca and the Red Sea coast. Many citizens were prosperous caravaners, merchants and horse dealers. In addition, there were fertile date gardens and even grain crops such as barley.

Evidence of a corn market was plain enough in the central town square. Not only were sacks of every kind of cereal heaped there, but a great weighing scale was set up in the middle.

West and north of the square ran many fascinating streets of traditional houses. So far these have survived, are still inhabited and are well maintained. They are all built of dried mud, and follow a uniform pattern with minor variations. The tops of the walls are crenellated, to the most pleasing effect. These lacy tops to the plain sweep of beige-brown walls lead the eye irresistibly along the street, sometimes outlining the top of a tower, or lower down enclosing a garden. Sometimes an upper majlis can be glimpsed above the outer wall. This is an open upstairs chamber, the roof supported by columns, where the women might sit and see the world outside.

For spring in Italy

ROME — Italian high fashion collections for spring-summer 1979 put hot colors in the cool shade of ladylike looks.

Andre Laug, Valentino, Mila Schon, Balmain, Lanvin, Galitzine and Tita Rossi put their own distinctive signatures on the newly shown slim line, but it was only one—Roberto Capucci—that floated miles high above the down-to-basics competitors.

The big news is the pared-down-to-essential slim silhouette, featuring wide shoulders and creating a T-line picture.

White pique, cap-sleeve dresses came back and the simple best belonged to Capucci and his Princess Pinafore group.

Valentino proposed an apparently narrow line with inverted folds at the sides, allowing easy gliding.

Although the dress made a comforting comeback, it's the slim suit with a neat pulled-together look that had the big strength.

Capucci put frock suits in the limelight by sculpting one-piece black wool to a seamless men's cutaway coat style, cut at waist front. The squared swallowtail back framed the morning gray trousers with its starched collar and cuff shirt companion.

Valentino's T-shaped spring line looked best in suits. Raglan coats in marigold yellow, poppy red and midnight blue were repeated in widest shoulder, short Mandarin collar tops.

Other designers preferred the tight-fit wide-shouldered Spencer jackets.

Skirt shapes were deceptively slim for Valentino, who gave a foldback pleat at front or side —(UPI)



A quiet street in Al Nayzah

The doors leading into the houses have often been described, for they are a notable feature of traditional Nejd architecture. They are all ornate, with lightly incised patterns, and many are painted, chiefly in brown and dull yellow. The lock is their most striking feature, a massive piece of wood with room for many keyholes. Getting into or out of one's own house is clearly no light matter.

Onaizab 32 km south of Buraydah, is a similar town, but we found the destruction

of the old sections much more advanced there, and modern development yet more aggressive. The curious, cone-shaped clay minaret of the great mosque still towers over the main square, but the mud houses around it are roofless and gaping waiting for the bulldozer. At the south-west extremity of the town the great watchtower still stands, associated with the capture of the town by Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud in 1904.

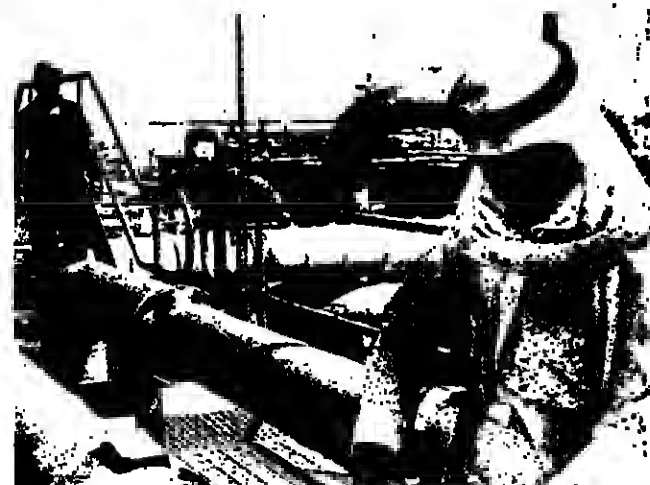
Wandering through the little deserted alleys behind the

square one comes upon great walled palm gardens within the town, loud with birdsong. The rich and varied agriculture of Onaizab is described by Doughty, and we saw for ourselves the many plantations on the outskirts, ringed with tall sand dunes as at Buraydah.

After seeing the charm of the traditional towns of Arabia, and the obvious richness of style and materials for the climate and environment, a deep sense of regret and sadness is felt in witnessing their

destruction. Enlightened architects have long recognized that materials such as mud provide far better insulation than flimsy breeze blocks. Obviously the old dwellings are not equipped with modern conveniences such as efficient drainage or air conditioners. Surely, however, it would not be a hard task to study the possibilities of modernizing and renovating old buildings rather than simply tearing them down as obsolete. The equation of the old with the obsolete is by no means necessary.

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A place in history for Dwight David Eisenhower

By Charles H. Hanger

ABILENE, Kansas — One of six sons of a poor farm family, acting on a whim, dashed off a letter on Aug. 29, 1910, to a Kansas senator.

The young man wrote the letter thinking it might be a way to get a free education. He was the smartest student in his high school graduating class. He just might have an outside chance, he thought.

That letter is on display in the \$7.5 million Eisenhower Center — the third presidential library established by the U.S. National Archives and Records Service. The letter reads:

"Sen. Joseph L. Bristow, Salina, Kans.

"Dear Sir: I would very much like to enter the school at Annapolis, or the one at West Point. In order to do this, I must have an appointment to one of those places and so I am writing to you in order to secure the same.

"I have graduated from high school and will be 19 this fall. If you find it possible to appoint me to one of these schools, your kindness will certainly be appreciated by me.

"Trusting to hear from you, concerning this matter, at your earliest convenience, I am, Respectfully yours, Dwight

Eisenhower, Abilene, Kans."

The rest is history. Sen. Bristow held competitive examinations for applicants and young "Ike" Eisenhower scored first for Annapolis and second for West Point. A couple of years had passed since he wrote the letter.

He was nearly 21, too old to enter Annapolis. But the applicant who placed first in the West Point exams failed the physical, and Dwight Eisenhower got the appointment, much to the disappointment of his pacifist mother.

But Ida Stover Eisenhower wasn't about to stop her son. She left the decision up to him and his conscience. He went to the academy.

The 13.4-acre Eisenhower Center includes the farmhouse where David and Ida Eisenhower raised their six boys. A house the elder Eisenhowers lived in until their deaths in the 1940s.

In 1954, the Dwight D. Eisenhower Museum was erected by the Eisenhower Foundation across from the farmhouse.

In May, 1962, the Dwight D. Eisenhower library, a rectangular two-story Kansas limestone building, was completed at

a cost of \$3 million — money contributed by more than 18,000 friends and admirers of the president throughout America — and turned over to the government.

A strikingly beautiful limestone chapel called the Place of Meditation was constructed in 1966 as part of the Eisenhower complex.

And in 1966, the Eisenhower Foundation gave the chapel, museum and Eisenhower home to the office of presidential libraries of the National Archives and Record Service.

In 1971 the Eisenhower museum was doubled in size, and in 1975 the Eisenhower visitors center with a 300-seat auditorium was dedicated.

"A place in history," a 28-minute film narrated by actor Lorne Greene, is shown several times each day in the Eisenhower visitors center.

"This is where he came from, the land that produced him, the man they called Ike," Greene says in the film depicting the life of the small-town farmboy who became the most popular hero of World War II and president of the United States.

"Big land. Big sky. Long views. The heartland of America. The end of the Chisholm Trail, the long dusty cattle drives north from Texas... a place in history." — (LAT)



Dwight D. Eisenhower

A hit man in the service of Chile

By John Dinges and Kenneth Brodie Meier

WASHINGTON — He is the confessed hit man in the violent bombing assassination of former Chilean ambassador Orlando Letelier, a man described by a friend as a "romantic counter-revolutionary." An American youth, born in Waterloo, Iowa, he joined the clandestine world of a foreign country's secret police, giving it an almost fanatical commitment.

He now has been linked, through his own court testimony or the statements of investigators, to assassination plots in four countries to "eliminate" the most prominent of exile leaders opposing the current Chilean military dictator, Augusto Pinochet.

At the same time, people who have known him for years recall his days as a youthful church leader in Chile, a talented boy who seemed destined, if not for greatness, at least for a successful upper middle-class life.

Still, as the tangled life of Michael Vernon Townley unfolds in a U.S. court here, he seems like a half-finished painting: The broad outlines of his life are clear, but the finished portrait is still a mystery.

Part soldier of fortune for the Chilean secret police, part anti-Communist fanatic whose Nietzschean ethics condoned murder, part duty-bound follower of orders who still refers to the Chilean secret police as "my service," part concerned family man — all phrases describe Townley.

Townley's appearance this month as the chief U.S. witness in the trial of three anti-Castro Cuban exiles charged in connection with the Letelier murder has raised many questions: Is he or was he ever an agent for the CIA? Was he a double agent, a "mole" planted by the CIA in the Chilean secret police, once known as Dina? Is he a pawn in a scheme to extricate Pinochet from a crisis that has threatened to topple his regime? And what of the larger political implications of the assassination along Washington's Embassy Row in September 1976 — the most brazen act of international terrorism ever carried out here.

A dozen years ago, one might have felt comfortable sitting next to Townley at a church service. U.S. district court Judge Barrington D. Parker pointedly said he recently that someone "would not feel at ease in church" with Townley.

Parker, a jury of seven women and five men and a transfixed, packed courtroom audience had heard the 36-year-old Dina agent describe in excruciating detail how he had carried out the assassination on the orders of Dina.

From Townley's testimony emerges the figure of a mild-mannered, well-spoken electronics technician whose specialty happens to be remote control bombs to assassinate Pinochet's exiled political opponents, a man who travels with his wife (also a Dina agent) on his missions of death and sends souvenirs to his children.

A variety of persons who have spoken with him since his arrest in the Letelier case say that he also continues to consider himself a loyal Dina officer and follower of Pinochet.

A friend who knew Townley and his family in the early 1960s said he has trouble conceiving that today's Townley is the same person he first met in a Methodist church with a group in Chile.

"He demonstrated to me the type of characteristics you associate with a high-achiever, a very personable young man. I would have expected him to have become a lawyer, perhaps an electronics engineer," the friend said.

Townley is the biggest enigma in the puzzling framework of intrigue surrounding the Sept. 21, 1976, assassination of Letelier and Ronni Moffitt, a colleague of his at the Institute for Policy Studies. His willingness to describe the crime he committed and implicated the three Cubans while refusing to answer a question about his activities with the Chilean secret police has been

cold" were some of the descriptions heard.

Townley's youth was conventional, though troubled. He was 14 when his father, Vernon Townley, became head of Ford Motor Co. operations in Chile in 1957 and moved his family to Santiago.

Active in the American community's Methodist church youth group, but not particularly religious, Michael as a teenager was considered to be sociable and a natural leader.

The Townleys' lifestyle in Chile reflected their affluence and he was sent to the exclusive St. George's high school, run by the American Holy Cross order. Though obviously intelligent, he had trouble with Spanish at first and dropped out without a high school diploma.

A counselor described Townley's home life as tense and unhappy under the domination of his father. Before he

station for anti-Allende propaganda by mounting a powerful transmitter in the rear of his Austin mini car.

During a 1972 truckers' strike against the government, during which Allende put radio stations under state control, Townley's "Radio Liberation" broadcasted virulent anti-government messages and songs — some written by Mariana Townley. He evaded the efforts by military intelligence assigned by Allende to locate the illegal transmitter.

Townley was recruited by the most violence-prone of the opposition groups, Fatherland and Liberty, for other operations, including one that resulted in a man's death. Townley was identified as having participated in that operation and for the first time in June 1973, was labeled a CIA agent by a leftist newspaper. In fact, Townley bragged to friends at the time that he had CIA contacts.

He fled Chile by crossing the Andes Mountains on foot. Within a few months the Chilean military answered the pleas of the right-wing groups and overthrew the Allende government in a bloody coup on Sept. 11, 1973.

Townley spent several months back in the United States and then was recruited in Chile by Lt. Col. Pedro Espinoza, the same military intelligence officer who unsuccessfully had searched for Townley's clandestine transmitter to October 1972.

According to informed sources, the head of Dina, then Col. Juan Manuel Contreras Sepulveda, provided the Townleys with a sprawling, rundown mansion in the Locuro district of Santiago. The sources said Townley installed a high-powered VHF radio transmitter in the house, using it to keep contact with his Dina subordinates working around the city in cars.

From his recruitment in 1974 to his expulsion from Chile last year, Townley has linked himself or has been linked by various investigators to a chilling list of assassinations as well as abortive attempts to eliminate exile opponents of Pinochet's government.

His modus operandi was simple: He used car bombs set off by remote control equipment that he built and modified himself. The toll: Four dead in car bombings, two seriously wounded by gun shots. Two exile leaders escaped unhurt.

Investigators have linked Townley to the 1974 car bombing that killed exiled Gen. Carlos Prats and his wife in Buenos Aires and to the pistol attack on Christian Democratic leader Bernardo Leighton and his wife in Rome in 1975. Leighton, an exiled proponent of a united front Christian Democratic front against Pinochet, recovered from wounds but his wife is partly paralyzed.

According to terms of a plea-bargaining agreement between Townley and the U.S. Justice Department, he is not required to testify about crimes other than those committed within the United States or against American citizens. He eventually will be sentenced to a 34 to 10 year sentence for his role in the Letelier killing.

One investigator last year gave his explanation for Townley's unwillingness to go beyond the bare bones of his Dina role: Townley intends to return to his adopted country after serving his sentence.

"Townley wants to get the point across that he and his wife aren't talking about other cases, and that he isn't talking about matters of (Chilean) national security. He was turned over by the Chilean government and he is cooperating with information, but only for the matter he was turned over for (the Letelier killing). All he wants to do is to be able to return to Chile some day," the investigative source said. — (WP)

A tough winter's week in Britain

By Graham Heathcote

LONDON — On Tuesdays and Thursdays the trains didn't run. Trucks that carry the nation's food and industrial supplies remained idle. Ambulance

Peugeot emerges as auto giant

By Norris Willard

PARIS — Europe has a new automobile giant ready to take on the world. The new contender emerged this month with the takeover in Europe of the U.S. Chrysler Corporation's plants by Peugeot-Citroen of France.

With an aggregate capacity of over two million cars and trucks, the combined Peugeot-Citroen-Chrysler group now ranks sixth in the world after General Motors, Ford, Chrysler U.S., Toyota and Nissan. Its leadership in Europe is undisputed; the new group can aspire to 20 percent of the total annual market of some 10 million cars in the region.

The nearest rivals, Ford of Europe and Renault of France, have somewhat less than 15 percent each. Other competitors, such as Volkswagen, Fiat and the two General Motors affiliates, Vauxhall (Great Britain) and Opel (West Germany) can claim not much over 10 percent apiece.

Only 10 or even five years ago, few people in the automobile industry would have picked Automobiles Peugeot as a candidate for such a spectacular achievement.

The French concern was known merely as the manufacturer of sound, reliable cars that had proved their durability under grueling conditions but whose design was not very exciting; a typical middle market enterprise, with most of that market in France.

It is only in recent years that Peugeot has been in a position to offer a full line of passenger cars, since introducing new models at the bottom and top of the line; the "mini" 104 and the 604 limousine. With an output of only about 800,000 cars per annum in the mid-1970s, the company did not then look like a serious world challenger.

It was at that point, however, that the Peugeot family launched the takeover of Citroen. As a result, Peugeot acquired a car company nearly as big as itself, and thus almost doubled its production capacity.

The move was bold, in many ways, Citroen was a risk. The company had established a reputation for skilled engineering and imaginative design.

But though the cars were in many ways exciting, only Frenchmen tended to buy them and then not enough to make the firm consistently profitable. Part of the trouble was that Citroen was controlled by the conservative, secretive Michelin family, which made no effort at aggressive marketing.

When the Peugeot family took over, the scene changed rapidly and radically. Peugeot is still a family concern, and family members hold about 42 percent of the shares in the group formed by the takeover of the Chrysler operations in Europe (with the U.S. firm temporarily retaining a 15 percent interest). — (OFNS)

drivers refused to take the ailing to hospitals on Monday, while pickets kept the dead from going to their graves. Schools and factories closed. And "The Times" still wasn't around to report it all.

All of this due to strikes — some on one day and off the next.

Then came the snow and ice, and Britons shoveled, shivered and skidded in the worst winter in more than a decade.

For most Britons it was a week they wished was not. But made through they did, and at week's end leaders of striking railroad workers issued a back-to-work order. It was not certain the union's militant wing would obey.

So as a new week begins, Britons face the prospect of more deprivation, and for Prime Minister James Callaghan's Labor Party government, which gets the bulk of its support from the unions, it could mean deep trouble.

The situation is similar to one in 1974 when a Conservative Party government was voted out of office.

Nightly television newscasts devote 20 minutes' air time to arguments among union leaders, employers and cabinet ministers on whether pay hikes should be 5, 10, 15 or 50 percent. News of the rest of the world is lucky to get five minutes.

Comedian Spike Milligan announced he, too, was on strike. "I'm fighting for a 10 percent increase in jokes," he said. "I aim to bring this country to its feet. It's already on its knees and I'm gonna bring it lower."

William Rees-Mogg, editor of "The Times," says the situation "is grave, but there is underlying confidence."

Rees-Mogg was unable to print his opinion because "The

Times," founded in 1785, was shut down Nov. 30 because of labor disputes with its 4,000 workers.

Despite the industrial unrest, the British pound was steady at just under \$2.00 in the exchange markets and stock market prices held pretty firm. The thinking behind a held little cheer for Laborites.

"That would mean less in a change in government," said a stock exchange spokesman. "That would mean less in public spending, fewer issues of government bonds and probably tax cuts as well, so there would be more money for stocks. The pound is steady because of the dollar's decline and the prospect of a Conservative government. The pound traditionally is stronger under the Tories than under Labor."

For Callaghan's government a 34-year fight against inflation through pay controls appeared to be collapsing as union after union exerted muscle for pay hikes up to 10 times the 5 percent limit.

The union reluctantly agreed to pay-raise limits in 1975 when inflation peaked at 26.9 percent. The government claims the program has brought inflation down to 8.4 percent. The government claims that in the last four years prices have doubled, causing the lowest paid workers to revolt. Last Monday 1.5 million of them in the public service struck for the day.

Schools were closed by walkouts of caretakers and cooks. Ambulance drivers refused to work. icy roads were not sanded and garbage wasn't

picked up. A truckers' strike that started Jan. 3 kept some factories and docks closed. Stores and their workers dependent on trucked supplies were laid off, including all the steel mill men in Sheffield. Some stores ran short of food, but there still was plenty to eat.

The strikes, coinciding with the worst winter weather since 1963, provoked a lot of grumbling all week long.

Orthopedic surgeon Patrick Chesterman refused to treat union members at his clinic in Reading's Battle Hospital.

"Most of them looked a little startled and then just trooped off like sheep," he told a reporter. "That's the trouble with this country. Everyone is so apathetic and takes everything lying down."

After truckers established "secondary picketing" of firms not involved in their dispute, Conservative Party leader Margaret Thatcher told the House of Commons. "When we won't live by the rule of law then the rule of lawlessness will take its place."

Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey angrily told the lawmakers that 15 percent pay hikes would put inflation back in double figures and "all the gains made by the government over the past three years would have been thrown away."

The government, fearing a confrontation like that with the coal miners which brought down a Conservative government in 1974, backed off from proclaiming a state of emergency, which would allow it to open the docks, requisition transport and fire or jail strike leaders. — (AP)





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Shuffling the China cards for the Olympic Games

By Geoffrey Miller

LAUSANNE, Switzerland Jan. 28 (AP) — A report on sports in mainland China to be heard Monday by the executive board of the Olympic Games may bring its 800 millions closer to participation in the Games and jeopardize the athletic future of Taiwan.

Monday's meeting opens two days of talks on the report, to be presented to the board of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) at its headquarters here.

The report will be presented by New Zealand's IOC member, Lance Cross. Cross headed a three-man commission of inquiry to China two months ago.

The IOC now recognizes only the National Olympic Committee (NOC) of Taiwan, which represents the Republic of China.

"I cannot really predict the situation until I have talked to Lance Cross," said Lord Killanin, president of the IOC. "I have not seen his report yet. But the IOC no doubt will take recent events into account."

Recognition

Those events include recognition of the People's Republic of China by the International Amateur Athletic Federation (IAAF), the most important of the Olympic Sports Federations, which previously only recognized Taiwan.

Cross has been visiting Taiwan on his way to Lausanne for Monday's meeting. Killanin asked that he prepare a picture

of the way sport is managed in both areas.

Any final decision on China must be made by the full IOC, which is scheduled to next meet in Montevideo, Uruguay in April.

The IOC accepts recommendations by its executive board. Sources said the board is unlikely to recommend the recognition of the All-China Sports Federation of Peking at this stage, although events are moving in that direction.

There is much sympathy in the IOC for Taiwan, whose Olympic committee is in good standing and has never stepped out of line.

The IOC, which picks its own members to act as ambassadors, has expanded fast in the last two years and now has 93 members.

New members

Much depends on how some 20 new members would vote on a motion to recognize Peking and abandon Taiwan. Killanin has made it his policy to recruit more members in Africa and Asia, and most of these would probably back Peking.

Taiwan's main support would come from IOC members in Western Europe and the American Continent.

World sports groups tend to back Taiwan. Of 26 international federations which control the Olympic Games, only 11 recognize mainland China, despite the IAAF's transfer of allegiance. Fifteen others have so far remained loyal to Taiwan.

The tangle over the two Chinas has had the IOC in a

dilemma for years. Killanin has often said he aims to solve it by the time he finishes his eight-year term as president in 1980.

The IOC voted once, in 1954, to recognize the All-China Sports Federation in Peking as the sole Olympic body for China instead of the old Chinese Olympic Committee whose officials sought refuge in Taiwan after the communist take-over.

But the late Avery Brundage, then IOC president issued a statement that the Olympic committee in the Republic of China in Taiwan was also recognized. Brundage took that step without consulting his members.

The mainland Chinese, who had been expected to send athletes to the 1956 Olympics in Melbourne, walked out of the movement. They have insisted ever since that they will not take part in the Olympics until IOC recognition of Taiwan is withdrawn.

Undermine

The issue threatened to undermine the 1974 Games in Montreal, when the Canadian government refused to allow Taiwanese athletes into the country unless they dropped the name Republic of China. The IOC protested bitterly that this was a breach of the Olympic charter, since the Olympic committee of Taiwan was the one officially recognized.

In the end the IOC asked Taiwanese athletes to march in the opening ceremony under a different name. The Taiwanese refused and went home.



TAIWAN OLYMPIC: Lord Killanin of the island's NOC, negotiating at Montreal

Boycott digs in

England builds lead of 87 on ruin of Aussie innings

ADELAIDE, Australia, Jan. 28 (Agencies)—England ground its way to an 87-run lead with eight wickets left in its second innings at the end of the second day's play in the fifth Test against Australia at the Adelaide Oval Sunday.

Geoff Boycott was 38 not out after 189 minutes at the crease, partnered by Graham Gooch on 11 out for a modest 82 for two.

England captain Mike Brearley lost his wicket for only nine and Derek Randall was caught attempting to hook for 15.

Earlier Australia's tail end had boosted a disastrous overnight 69 for four into a first innings total of 164, just five runs behind England's first innings of 169.

England appears to be in an unbeatable position, as Australia's weak batting lineup will eventually have to rely on off-spinners John Emburey

and Geoff Miller on a wicket which will certainly start to turn by the fourth day. Brearley, who batted 82 minutes for his nine, played back to a ball from Phil Carlson which kept low and had him lbw.

Randall spent a somewhat scratchy hour at the wicket before mistiming a hook off Alan Hurst. He skied the ball and was comfortably caught at mid-wicket.

Resuming Sunday morning at 69 for four, Australia was immediately on the defensive when England all rounder Ian Botham dismissed Bruce Yardley in the first over of the morning.

At the other end from Botham, the bowlers concentrated on tight line and length forcing Australia's batsmen to lose patience and go for rash shots.

Rick Darling, wearing protective chest padding after his

injury of the previous day when he retired hurt, hit Botham for six over square leg but two balls later attempted it again and was caught by Willis sitting on the leg boundary.

Rodney Hogg arrived and departed, bowled first ball to give Willis his solitary wicket for the innings.

The main resistance for Australia came from their new Test wicketkeeper Kevin Wright who scored a competent 29 and a last wicket partnership of 31 between Jim Higgs and Alan Hurst.

Then Wright, after a stay of 76 minutes, was out lbw to Emburey's off-spin when he attempted to tuck a ball around on the leg side to retaliate the strike.

Higgs and Hurst frustrated the English bowlers for 46 minutes, and made their highest Test scores before Higgs was run out.



ARGENTINE: Start of last Sunday's Buenos Aires GP, seconds before the pile-up. Were the starting rows too close?

Brazil views safer Grand Prix start

SAO PAULO, Jan. 28 (AP)—Rules for the start of the Brazilian Formula One Grand Prix on Feb. 4 will be probably changed to prevent an accident of the kind that forced a resumo of the Argentine race a week ago, organizers said.

The organizers are planning to put more distance between

every row of cars at the starting line, according to the Brazilian Car Racing Federation. The 27-year-old Nyambui said his strategy was to burst into the lead with two laps to go.

He was clocked at 8:24.24. Rose was second at 8:28. Alberto Salazar of Oregon was third at 8:33.03.

Debbie Heald of the Golden Bear Track Club set a meet record in the women's mile at 4:33.46. The old mark of 4:34.7 was set by Francis Larrieu Lutz in 1975.

Heald was named the meet's outstanding performer. Mary Purcell of Ireland finished second to Heald in a time of 4:37.34.

Rudy Chapa of Oregon captured the men's mile in 4:04.99.

At Oregon meet

Tanzanian outstrips Briton in 2 miles

PORTLAND, Oregon Jan. 28 (AP)—Tanzanian Suleiman Nyambui pulled away from Nick Rose with two laps remaining Saturday night to defeat a field of high-class opponents in the two-mile run at the Oregon Indoor Track and Field Meet.

Nyambui, who attends the University of Texas at El Paso, stayed on the heels of

Rose throughout the race, and pulled ahead of the British veteran with 40 yards remaining. The 27-year-old Nyambui said his strategy was to burst into the lead with two laps to go.

He was clocked at 8:24.24. Rose was second at 8:28. Alberto Salazar of Oregon was third at 8:33.03.

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Rudy Chapa of Oregon captured the men's mile in 4:04.99.

Hard-hitting Zoeller jumps ahead in San Diego golf

SAN DIEGO, California, Jan. 28 (AP)—Fuzzy Zoeller came from five shots off the pace with a surging 67, swept past Jerry McGee and established a two-stroke lead Saturday in the third round of the \$250,000 Andy Williams-San Diego Open golf tournament.

The hard-hitting Zoeller, winner of more than \$100,000 last year but still seeking his first PGA tour title, had a 54-hole total of 210, 6 shots under par on the 7,047-yard South Course at the Torrey Pines Country Club.

"Winning is just a happening," said Zoeller. "It hasn't happened yet. Maybe this is the one. I'm gonna try my damndest."

He birdied four times in a stretch of five holes to take the lead, then stretched the advantage to two shots with a two-putt birdie four on the final hole.

McGee, the second-round leader, slipped to a 74 in the bright, sunny weather that baffled the cliffs and crags of the ocean-side course. He took a 212 total into Sunday's final round of the chase for a \$3,000 first prize.

Billy Casper, a 47-year-old veteran, Gil Morgan and Bill Kratzert were another stroke back at 213. Casper shot a 69, Kratzert 71 and Morgan 72.



NEW SIGNING: Arsenal manager Terry Neal showing off new signing Brian Talbot who Saturday celebrated with a Cup goal for his new club against Notts County.

Connors, Ashe

Indoor final pits style vs. tenacity

PHILADELPHIA, Pennsylvania, Jan. 28 (AP) — Arthur Ashe and Jimmy Connors advanced to the finals of the U.S. Pro Indoor Tennis Tournament Saturday in matches as different as their styles.

Ashe lost the first two sets to Vitas Gerulaitis and then rallied to beat the player 11 years his junior, 1-6, 4-6, 7-6, 6-4, 6-4 in a five-set marathon. Connors hantled with the crowd and pantomimed his mistakes, but beat rocket-serving Roscoe Tanner without too much struggle, 6-3, 6-3, 3-6, 6-1.

Ashe and Connors were to meet Sunday for the 40,000-first prize. Connors seeks his third title here, and Ashe his second. He won in 1967 — a match played on a high school court. Ashe was still an amateur, and the prize money barely covered expenses.

In the third set, Gerulaitis broke Ashe's service to the third game and merely had to hold service to complete the match.

But Ashe, whose first serve had deserted him, evened the set at 5-5 by breaking Gerulaitis with a crosscourt backhand passing shot. Ashe held service to force the set into a tie breaker, which he won, 7-4.

The sudden turnaround appeared to inspire Ashe, a master of comebacks. He missed the entire 1977 tennis season with an injury but returned last year to earn almost \$200,000 and regain top-20 ranking.

Ashe broke Gerulaitis in the ninth game of the fourth set, the winning point coming when Gerulaitis drove over the baseline. Ashe then held his serve to win the set 6-4, and even the match at two sets apiece.

Ashe broke Gerulaitis in the first game of the fifth set of the three and a half-hour match and then held service to complete his stirring comeback. For the fourth-seeded Gerulaitis, it was the sixth loss in seven meetings with Ashe since 1973.

Connors took the first set after breaking Tanner's service in the seventh game. Connors rallied from 0-30 with the help of crosscourt passing shots and a ball netted by Tanner.

In the second set, Connors broke through again, this time in the sixth game. He lost the first point and won the next four, one on a drop shot and the clincher on a return of service into the left corner.

Tanner, 27, finally broke a Connors' serve in the second game of the third set as the top seed hit three into the net and one out. The ninth-seeded Tanner went on to hand Connors his first losing set of the week and forced the match to a fourth set.

Wade ousted

HOLLYWOOD, Florida, Jan. 28 (AP) — Dianne Fromholtz defeated Virginia Wade, 6-4, 6-1, Saturday night to advance to the finals of an up-setting women's tennis tournament here. Top-seeded Chris Evert lost to unseeded Greer Stevens in the tournament's first round, and third seed Tracy Austin lost in the second round. Fromholtz meets Stevens in the finals.

U.S. outboxes Russian team

LAS VEGAS, Nevada, Jan. 28 (AP)—Heavyweight boxer Tony Tubbs outpointed Russia's Eugene Gorskov in the final bout Saturday to boost the United States to a 6-5 team victory over the Soviet Union for America's first triumph in the international bouts since their inception in 1969.

Russian boxers had won the first 10 in the international series before this United States team came out ahead. Many of the 2,500 fans at the Hilton Hotel thought the count should have been 7-4 and that Emanuel Steward was robbed of the decision over Russia's world amateur champion Valery L'vov in the 139-pound class.

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\$2.3b French deal canceled**Iran curtails purchases of nuclear plants sharply**

TEHRAN, Jan. 28 (Agencies)—Iran has announced a severe curtailment in purchases of foreign nuclear technology and said it would rely on its own oil and gas reserves to meet its future energy needs.

In a radio and television interview Saturday night, Prime Minister Shapour Bakhtiar said he was canceling an order for two French nuclear power stations worth \$2.3 billion because they were too expensive.

Something different

"We have good relations with France, but the question of nuclear reactors is something different," he said.

"We have fuel for 90 years and we don't have to buy expensive nuclear reactors that only are good for ten years. But the two reactors we have bought from Germany we hope to complete. More than that I don't think we need," Bakhtiar added.

Iran originally ordered four plants from France, six from West Germany and 16 from the United States as part of a



Prime Minister Shapour Bakhtiar

\$70 billion scheme to erect a chain of nuclear plants during the next 20 years.

The two plants under construction by West Germany's Kraftwerke Union are about

60 per cent completed and are to go into operation by 1981.

The remainder are expected to be scrapped as part of Iran's economic retrenchment following a year of political turmoil and crippling strikes.

Reversal
The decision appeared to reverse the Shah's policy of selling oil abroad to pay for Iran's modernization.

Until the recent revolt against the Shah's rule, Iran was the world's second biggest oil exporter after Saudi Arabia.

The Shah had hoped to build 20 nuclear power stations over 20 years, partly financed by the sale of Iranian oil and gas abroad.

The nuclear power program envisaged by the Shah would have cost the country \$70 billion according to the last estimate.

The premier's statement did not indicate how his government's policy would affect future oil and gas export programs.



TAIWAN: The Taiwan-built third largest ship in the world, "Burmah Endeavor" at the Kaohsiung shipyard. Officials predict that U.S. recognition of China will not affect booming foreign investments in Taiwan.

Taiwan investments apparently unaffected by U.S.-China move

TAIPEI, Jan. 28 (R)—The United States' decision to sever diplomatic relations with Taiwan has so far had no noticeable effect on foreign firms' plans to invest in the country.

The inflow of foreign investment this year is expected to be about the same as last year's \$200 million, with up to \$50 million coming from the U.S. William Wei, vice minister of economic affairs said.

According to information received in the last four weeks, new investors had indicated they were going to continue with planned projects and new applications had arrived, he said. Also, many overseas companies with interests in the country had told the ministry they intended to stay and some to increase their investments.

Economists generally agree with Wei's expectation of continued investment, but say there might be a slight delay on decisions in the short term.

although this delay should be over quickly and only center on small projects, with investment picking up again toward the end of the year. "I expect by the end of 1979, normalization will have worked itself out of the system," said one.

Wei expects the Taiwanese economy to grow between eight and 8.8 per cent in real terms—that is after taking into account any rise which is just the result of inflated prices—which is around the official 8.1 per cent government target and compares with a 12.8 per cent growth rate last year.

Economists say the expected lower growth was identified long before the Carter administration's move to normalize relations with China. The Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries' decision to raise oil prices 14.5 per cent this year will affect households all over the world. The money they will be spending on higher

oil prices will thus not be spent on traditional Taiwanese exports like electrical goods, clothing and shoes.

Also, since the U.S. takes about 40 per cent of Taiwan's exports, a recession there this year forecast by some economists would directly affect demand for goods made in Taiwan.

But one factor affecting government and industry in Taiwan this year is the likelihood of having to pay higher interest on loans they receive from international banks. Over the past few years Taiwan has borrowed millions of U.S. dollars, mainly from U.S. banks, to finance its expansion. The money has been used for building nuclear power stations, a new international airport, steel mills, chemical plants and new roads.

Byrd says Japan failing to cut trade surplus

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (AP)—Senate Majority Leader Robert Byrd expressed concern that Japan is increasing its imports of non-American coal and thereby increasing its trade surplus with the United States.

Referring to past American efforts to persuade Japan to help reduce that trade surplus, Byrd said Saturday "I don't think they're getting the message."

To fight the problem of the United States trade deficit with Japan and other nations, Byrd proposed creation of a new cabinet-level department on international trade.

He said his staff is drawing up a legislative proposal that would consolidate government efforts to promote American trade. Those responsibilities are now spread among several



Sen. Robert Byrd

departments of government.

Byrd said he mentioned his proposal to President Carter and characterized Carter's reaction as "not negative."

Byrd criticized Carter Saturday for virtually ignoring the nation's energy problems in last week's State of the Union address.

Ex-Shanghai capitalists compensated by China

HONG KONG, Jan. 28 (R)—Former capitalists in Shanghai are receiving from the Chinese authorities money and property seized from them during the 1966-1969 Cultural Revolution, the New China News Agency reported Sunday.

The restitution is in line with a decision made by the Chinese Communist Party at a recent meeting in Peking,

which also banned discrimination against children of former capitalists.

Liu Jingli, former general manager of a textile mill in Shanghai and currently chairman of the city's Federation of Industry, and Commerce was quoted Sunday as saying the return of bank deposits and other personal belongings of capitalists confiscated during the Cultural Revolution began in mid-1978.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Fencing of graveyard of Al-Hamij village in Hana-kiah	"	200	Mar. 13
" " "	Fencing of nine graveyards in the villages of Al-Wah-sha, Al-Jabour and Owais-rah in Madaq	"	700	Mar. 17
" " "	Reorganizing of a park on the proposed site for a public library under the Municipality of Adiaf	"	120	Mar. 18
* Saudi Arabian Airlines	Spraying of insecticides inside the planes at the Jeddah International Airport	1/79	xx	Jan. 22
* Directorate General of Post	Intends to build some of its projects with concrete prefabricated materials. Interested local and foreign companies specialized in prefabricated buildings are requested to submit their qualifications to the Planning Department of the Directorate General.	xx	xx	Within two weeks

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DAMMAM

SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO THE MORNING OF

CHANGES PAST 24 HRS.

DATE: 30.2.1399/28.1.1979
TIME: 0700 HRS.

Vessels Working Berth No.	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of cargo	Arrival Data
2	VILLE D'ANVERS	KANOO	CONTAINERS	28/1/1979
8	TAI SUN	S.E.A.	GENERAL	22/1/1979
10	ARAB AL-HUAZ	SCSA	LOADING UREA	21/1/1979
11	HERB EVERT	ORRI	BANANAS	26/1/1979
16	LUKE LU	GOSAIHI	GEN/CONTS	27/1/1979
19	ASIA ILHO (2ND CALL)	GOSAIHI	C.CEMENT	25/1/1979
20	NATALE	SMC	C.CEMENT	25/1/1979
21	BIANCH (D.B.)	BARBER	BULK CEMENT	27/1/1979
22	OAKLAND	REZAYAT	CONTAINERS	27/1/1979
26	JINGUMARU	BARBER	AUTOMOBILES	26/1/1979

S C P

ARAB NAJD

SCSA

GENERAL

27/1/1979

Recent Arrivals

OAKLAND

REZAYAT

CONTAINERS

27/1/1979

BIANCH

BARBER

BULK CEMENT

26/1/1979

ARAB NAJD

SCSA

GENERAL

27/1/1979

VILLE D'ANVERS

KANOO

CONTAINERS

28/1/1979

LUKE LU

GOSAIHI

GEN/CONTS

27/1/1979

3-Vessels Expected Within 24 Hours

TRID. JT

SUEASIA

GULF

HELL. JC

GULF

CHALLA GER

4-Tonnages Discharged:(Freight Tons): 20,002**5-Waiting Time: NIL**

Note: Importers having goods on the above mentioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any inquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.

U.S. won't seek Mexico oil at present, Carter says

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28 (Agencies)—President Carter says that the United States will not turn to Mexico for help in meeting its immediate energy needs, but might seek Mexican oil and gas supplies in the future.

In an interview with visiting editors Saturday, Carter said that America's short-term needs could be met by domestic supplies of natural gas.

Oil and gas deposits recently found in Mexico required long-range exploration and development, he said.

Carter said the United States was interested in negotiating for future oil and gas supplies from Mexico, and he would discuss the subject with President Lopez Portillo when he visits Mexico Feb. 14.

A Library of Congress study published Saturday concludes that Mexico will probably be forced to reduce its oil production unless it can sell the natural gas with which its vast reserves are mixed.

Since the decision by the United States not to buy Mexican gas at world market prices, Mexico has stated it no longer intends to export its natural gas but will instead create a distribution network to consume the gas domestically.

The Library's Congressional Research Service said that since Mexican conservation policies preclude burning off excess gas, it is likely that oil production goals will be reduced.

"The gas is unavoidably produced in association with the production of oil," the report said. "If Mexico does not export gas, cannot use all of it domestically and refuses to waste it, then projected oil production will have to be reduced."

The study concludes that Mexico's vast new oil reserves should be highly desirable to the United States because they are close to American refineries and are far more secure than present sources of American oil.

The report said Mexico's proven petroleum reserves total 57 billion barrels and Mexican officials believe their nation's overall petroleum potential is about 120 billion to 200 billion barrels.

It said Mexico seems intent on achieving greater independence from the United States through diversifying its oil exports.

Mexico is now seeking new markets in Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey, Yugoslavia and Romania and has signed export contracts with Japan and France.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

Opening Sunday	SAMA rate	Cable	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.34	3.35	3.35
Pound Sterling	6.66	6.72	6.72
Deutsche Mark	1.80 (100)	181.50	180.75
Swiss F	1.98 (100)	200.00	199.25
French F	0.78 (100)	79.00	79.00
Italian Lira (1000)	—	4.25	4.25
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	109.50	109.50
Syrian Lira (100)	—	80.50	86.25
Egyptian Pound	—	4.55	4.80
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.25	12.25
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.40	11.37
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	87.25	87.25
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	87.25	87.25
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.72	8.72
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar	—	9.50	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	73.75	73.80
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	79.00	88.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	40.90
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	33.00	34.00
Gold kg	—	25,350	—
10 Tolas bar	—	2,980	—
Silver kg bar	—	690	—
Japanese yen (100)	1.68	—	—
Canadian dollar	2.80	—	—
Belgian franc (10)	1.14	—	—
Dutch guilder	1.67	—	—
Italian Lira (100)	0.40	—	—

Cash and transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St. Jeddah.

SAMA rates announced by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency, based on average rates on the London money market and the official price of the U.S. dollar.

1-VESSELS DISCHARGING BERTH VESSEL

AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
1A —	—	—
2 FAUST	KANOO	VEHICLES
3 —	—	27/1/1979
4 —	—	—
5 YOUSUF	O.C.E.	CHICKENS
6 —	—	26/1/1979
7 MALDIVES SEAFARER	OCEAN TRADE	SORGHUM/MAIZE
8 —	—	25/1/1979
9 —	—	—
10 —	—	—
11 —	—	—
12 —	—	—
13 UNITY	ALPHA	SUGAR
14 —	—	27/1/1979
15 MARE TRANQUILLI	BAROOM	BAGGED CEMENT
16 —	—	5/1/1979
17 —	—	—
18 —	—	—
19 —	—	—
20 —	—	—
21 —	—	—
22 —	—	—
23 —	—	—
24 —	—	—
25 —	—	—
26 —	—	—
27 —	—	—
28 —	—	—
29 —	—	—
30 —	—	—
31 —	—	—
32 —	—	—
33 —	—	—
34 —	—	—
35 —	—	—
36 —	—	—
37 —	—	—
38 —	—	—
39 —	—	—
40 —	—	—
41 —	—	—
42 —	—	—
43 —	—	—
44 —	—	—
45 —	—	—
46 —	—	—
47 —	—	—
48 —	—	—
49 —	—	—
50 —	—	—

2-Recent Arrivals

AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
ROLON ORO	S.C.S.A.	MILK POWDER
UNITY	ALPHA	SUGAR
OAK	KANOO	DISCHARGED EMPTY
FAUST	KANOO	TRUCKS/CARS
ANDROMACHI	SHOBOKSHI	RICE/HEMP/TEXTILES
RYUJIN MARU	ANSCO	CUMMIN SEED
TILAPA	M.E.S.A.	FRUITS
—	—	28/1/1979

3-Vessels Expected Within 24 Hours

AGENT	CARGO	ARR. DATE
SELENA	STAR NAV.	FRUIT/CHICKENS
NYALA	AET	GENERAL
JOHNNY K	ALPHA	IRON BARS/TILES
ATLAS PREMIER	ORRI	TIMBER
CASTAR GLORY	STAR NAV.	CONTAINERS/CONST.
AGROS	STAR NAV.	MATERIAL
CERASSIMOS	SHOBOKSHI	AGRICULTURE
EURABIA WIND	—	PRODUCTS
LIBRA	—	AGRICULTURE
PORTO FRIO	—	PRODUCTS
ORENA	—	GENERAL
CORREZE	—	GENERAL
ALBIN KOEBIS	—	GENERAL

4-Tonnages Discharged:(Freight Tons): 31,424**5-WAITING TIME: NIL**

Importers having goods on the abovementioned ships should complete their formalities as soon as possible. For any enquiries please contact the Shipping Agents.




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WORLD STOCK MARKETS **بورصات العالم**

[illegible]

EXCHANGE RATES AND LONDON GOLD

LONDON		NEW YORK	
January 26	Range	January 26	January Prices
U.S.A.	1,940-1,940	STG.	1.0040-1.0050
Canada	2,300-2,310	RF LON	29.24-31
France	8,470-8,480	U.S.A.	82.71-83.72
Belgium	3,940-3,950	FRF	2.0465-2.0480
Italy	16,710-16,710	LIT	875.50-405.00
Switzerland	1,940-1,950	Dfl.	1.9075-1.9090
Netherlands	1,3575-1,3675	DM	1.8810-1.8825
W. Germany	3,6425-3,7825	YEN	125.00-125.20
Spain	1,400-1,400	ESP	199.10-199.20
Norway	10,1450-11,000	SEK	13.50-13.55
Denmark	10,2250-10,250	DKR	5.1300-5.1325
Sweden	27.00-27.00	US \$	5.0000-5.0015
Portugal	93,50-94.00	ScR	4.5850-4.5875
Greece	138.10-139.00	RF BN	29.25-29.27
Japan	197.10-197.20	SP	4.5850-4.5875

N.Y. DOLLAR CROSS RATES

January 26		Cdn. one month 9-1/8 disc, two months 5-7/8 three months 9-6 disc, six months 1-1/8 twelve months flat-1/8 perm.
Guilder	2.0015	
Belgian Franc	24.2300	
Deutschmark	1.8548	
Hong Kong Dollar	4.7854	
French Franc	4.2513	
Italian Lira	837.970	
Japanese Yen	309.400	
Sterling	2.80	
	p.m. fix	\$2
	Morning fix	\$2

DOW JONES STOCK AVERAGES

DOW JONES

CLOSING STOCK MARKET AVERAGES

January 25

30 Industrials . . . 864.44	+9 P.23	or 9.77%
20 Transport . . . 101.20	+1 P.70	or 0.70%
15 Utilities . . . 103.52	+1 P.08	or 0.08%
65 Stocks . . . 298.48	+7 P.26	or 0.99%

New York (AP)—The market closed at its highest level since the day Thursday.

Hopes for confirmation that interest rates will continue, or at least test, favored the stock's advance, analysts said, along with the flow of food corporate earnings reports.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average, airline chemicals, computer, drug, oil, steel and utility prices posted gains.

Analysts noted the remarks of Federal Reserve Board Chairman, G. William Miller by contributing to the advance. He said Fed action would be "very gradual," and he was unwilling to take hold. He also said the U.S. should have no need of recession this year although the

The breadth of the advance was encountered with about 1033 finished higher and several declines.

The New York Stock Exchange reported trading for January high of \$54.40. New York stock pullback after 3 p.m.: 2000 GMT recovered.

The New York Utility Average gained 0.21 points to 103.52. Trading volume was 11,740,000 shares against about 11,740,000 Wednesday.

Stock prices also pointed on the American exchange, where the Market Value Index rose 0.10% to 101.73. The average foreign share increased 0.05%.

Latinists topped decliners by about 453 to 454, or 0.14% down from 101.73.

The most active issue Thursday was 2½% Treasury advanced 1½ points to 58 ½ and was up 100¢ to 101 ¼.

Other activity included Fluorene Distillation Co.'s 3½%, an trading of 160,200 shares.

Other well-traded issues included Fluorene Distillation Co.'s 3½% at 58 ½ and 200,000 shares; Fluorene-Corrado-Sterile, up on trading of 52,500 shares, and Instrument

After the close the Fed reported that the nation's basic money supply, or M-1, rose 1.1 billion dollars in the third week.

	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.
	26	25	24	23	22	19	18
Government Secs.	66.54	66.47	66.47	66.99	67.00	67.37	76.76
Fixed Interest	66.57	66.48	66.58	69.19	69.39	69.88	80.00
Industrial Cyclicals	66.54	66.61	66.61	66.74	67.41	67.42	76.76
Gold Mines	167.6	171.0	176.0	168.1	159.7	158.3	114.1
Gold Mines (E+Spain) ..	113.3	116.3	119.2	109.5	109.6	105.9	114.1
Ord. Uncl. Yield	6.19	6.23	6.30	6.22	6.16	6.06	5.5
Emerging Yrds (Bills) ..	16.21	16.31	16.52	16.31	16.41	15.94	17.7
P/E Ratio (w/10)	16.21	16.31	16.52	16.31	16.41	15.94	17.7
Dealings	3,704	3,661	3,437	3,782	4,817	3,781	6,000
Equity turnover (m)		72.48	75.35	56.81	53.74	58.51	83.8
Equity bargains total		11,876	12,964	11,937	11,299	10,974	14,414

Latest Index 01-236 8026.
 * Based on 52 per cent corporation tax. @ Nil = 7.72.
 Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Fixed Int. 1923. Ind. Ord. 17/45.
 Gold Mines 12/9/55. Ex-5 pin Index started June, 1972. SE. Actv by July-Dec. 1943.

LONDON COMMODITY PRICES		سعر السلع والمعادن الرئيسية	
المواد		SOYABEAN MEAL	
BASIC MATERIALS		Today's Closing	Today's Closing
January 26 Lunchtime Prices		£ per tonne	
COCOA		February	127.80
		April	125.20
		June	124.70
		August	124.10
		October	125.00
		December	124.00
		February	125.00
		Today's Closing	122.00
		Previous Closing	
		£ per tonne	
March	1743	1741.5	
May	1785	1781	
July	1820	1815	
September	1830	1826	
December	1840	1838	
March	1860	1848	
May	1900	1781	
		WOOL	
		Australian Merino Washed	
		Pence per lb	
		May	
		July	
		October	
		December	
		March	
		May	

ARABICA COFFEE		July	=	=
S per 50 kilos		October	=	=
August	USQ USQ			
October	USQ USQ			

BASIC MINERALS		January 26 Official 'Tone	
ROBUSTA COFFEE		January 26 Official 'Tone	
January	165 1/2	1650	
March	135 1/2	1350	
May	124 1/2	1242	
April	118 1/2	1180	
June	114 1/2	1140	
August	110 1/2	1100	
September	110 1/2	1100	
November	110 1/2	1100	
January	108 1/2	1080	
GRAINS		COPPER	
Wheat	Yesterday's Closing	Wethers	
Barley	Yesterday's Closing	Cash	
\$ per bush		\$ per ton	
March	93 1/2	Three months	855.00
May	90.00	Settlement	861.50
September	90.15	Cash	165.50
November	93.18	Settlement	165.50
RUBBER		COPPER	
January	165 1/2	Wethers	
March	135 1/2	Cash	
May	124 1/2	Three months	855.00
April	118 1/2	Settlement	861.50
June	114 1/2	Cash	165.50
August	110 1/2	Settlement	165.50
September	110 1/2	Three months	855.00
November	110 1/2	Settlement	861.50
January	108 1/2	Settlement	165.50

Pence per kilo		LEAD		£ per tonne	
March	58.75	58.25	Cash	527.00	528.00
April	59.50	59.50	Three months	486.50	487.50
April-June	60.00	59.95	Settlement	528.00	—
July-September	62.00	61.00			
Oct.-December	64.00	63.90			

January-March	66.10	65.90
April-June	66.20	66.00
July-September	72.25	72.10
Oct.-December	72.25	72.05

RAW SUGAR		SILVER	
Standard		Cash	329.60
Contract Contn.	£ per long ton	Three months	327.70
March	100.95	Settlement	329.20
April	103.95		
May	100.10		
June	103.65		
July	111.25		
August	114.25		
September	112.75		
October	121.00		
November	121.25		
December	121.25		

TIN	
Standard	£ per net ton
Cash	9555
Three months	9585
Settlement	9600
High Grade	
Cash	9590
Three months	9610
Settlement	9650

WHITE SUGAR		ZINC	
Standard	£ per long ton	Cash	365.50
March	98.50	Three months	366.50
April	105.50		
May	110.50		
June	116.50		
July	118.50		
August	122.75		
September	126.50		
October	126.00		
November	126.00		
December	126.00		

July	132.00	129.00	Settlement	366.50	366.50
					—

BEST RATES

For more information, call 1-800-828-1234

	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	W. German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Austrian Dollar	Japanese Yen
70-71	—	116/10-11	2 152/10-11	7	7-10	—	—23 1/2
69-70	—	—	3 1/2-3 3/4	7 1/2	11-12	10 1/2-10 3/4	—77 1/2-11
68-69	—	—	3 1/2-3 3/4	7 1/2	11-12	10 1/2-10 3/4	—77 1/2-11
67-68	—	—	3 1/2-3 3/4	8 1/2-8 3/4	13 1/2-14 1/2	11 1/2-11 3/4	—87 1/2-11 1/2
66-67	—	31/16-12 1/2	—	8 1/2-8 3/4	13 1/2-14 1/2	11 1/2-11 3/4	2 5/16-12 1/2
65-66	—	31/16-11 1/2	4 1/16-12 1/2	8 1/2-8 3/4	14-15	11 1/2-11 3/4	2 3/8-3 1/2

(For certificates of deposits) One month 10.20-10.30 per cent; three months 10.25-10.65 per cent; 6 months 10.30-10.75 per cent; nine months 10.40-10.75 per cent; one year 10.40-10.75 per cent; two years 10.40-10.75 per cent; three years 10.40-10.75 per cent; five years 10.40-10.75 per cent; six years 10.40-10.75 per cent; seven years 10.40-10.75 per cent; eight years 10.40-10.75 per cent; nine years 10.40-10.75 per cent; ten years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 11 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 12 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 13 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 14 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 15 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 16 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 17 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 18 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 19 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 20 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 21 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 22 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 23 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 24 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 25 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 26 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 27 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 28 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 29 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 30 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 31 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 32 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 33 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 34 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 35 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 36 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 37 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 38 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 39 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 40 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 41 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 42 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 43 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 44 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 45 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 46 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 47 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 48 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 49 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 50 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 51 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 52 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 53 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 54 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 55 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 56 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 57 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 58 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 59 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 60 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 61 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 62 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 63 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 64 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 65 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 66 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 67 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 68 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 69 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 70 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 71 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 72 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 73 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 74 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 75 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 76 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 77 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 78 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 79 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 80 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 81 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 82 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 83 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 84 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 85 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 86 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 87 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 88 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 89 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 90 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 91 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 92 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 93 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 94 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 95 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 96 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 97 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 98 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 99 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 100 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 101 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 102 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 103 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 104 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 105 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 106 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 107 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 108 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 109 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 110 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 111 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 112 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 113 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 114 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 115 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 116 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 117 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 118 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 119 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 120 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 121 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 122 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 123 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 124 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 125 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 126 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 127 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 128 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 129 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 130 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 131 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 132 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 133 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 134 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 135 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 136 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 137 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 138 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 139 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 140 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 141 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 142 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 143 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 144 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 145 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 146 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 147 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 148 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 149 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 150 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 151 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 152 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 153 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 154 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 155 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 156 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 157 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 158 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 159 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 160 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 161 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 162 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 163 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 164 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 165 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 166 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 167 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 168 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 169 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 170 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 171 years 10.40-10.75 per cent; 172 years

B.C.

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HAGAR

WIZARD

Dennis the Menace

"EITHER STAY IN, OR STAY OUT!"

"THAT'S WHAT I'M DOIN'!"

Believe It or Not!

YOSHIKI SHIMIZU OF TOKYO JAZZ, WHO HAD SNEAKED AWAY FROM HIS JOB TO ATTEND A BASEBALL GAME, WON AN AUTOMOBILE RAFFLED OFF AT THE STADIUM—AND FOUND HIS PRIZE ON NEWS-PAPER FRONT PAGES

4 MEDIEVAL HOUR GLASSES BOUND TOGETHER AND FILLED WITH DIFFERENT AMOUNTS OF SAND MEASURED 60 MINUTES, 45 MINUTES, 30 MINUTES AND 15 MINUTES

DIEGO RIVERA (1886-1957) MEXICO'S CELEBRATED ARTIST DURING HIS CAREER PAINTED THE EQUIVALENT OF A FRESCO 3 FT. HIGH AND 2 1/2 MILES LONG.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

- 1 Day
- 2 Goody
- 3 with lot
- 4 Asian river
- 5 Tara name
- 6 Refreshing drink
- 7 Old note
- 8 — de France
- 9 Uncle, Scot.
- 10 " — us from evil..."
- 11 Amongst
- 12 Passing grade
- 13 Roman statesman
- 14 British statesman
- 15 Rational
- 16 Trampled
- 17 Andy Gump's wife
- 18 Howard of "Happy Days"
- 19 Calif. city
- 20 Kyushu volcano
- 21 Fury
- 22 Asia holiday
- 23 Title for Miss Bernhardt
- 24 Shun
- 25 Dastardly
- 26 Spanish title

DOWN

- 1 Looked the joint over
- 2 Sufficient
- 3 Agricultural
- 4 Prefix for semester
- 5 Summer-house
- 6 Gotcha!
- 7 Part of guardian
- 8 Hermit
- 9 Texas city
- 10 Cinema's David
- 11 Merriment
- 12 Decorated the cake
- 13 Pop's member
- 14 Trifle
- 15 Tantalize
- 16 Alternate
- 17 Ritual phrase
- 18 Actor
- 19 Vigoda

Yesterday's Answers

19 Decorated the cake
20 Pop's member
21 Trifle
22 Tantalize
23 Alternate
24 Ritual phrase
25 Actor
26 Vigoda

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:
A X Y D L R A A X E
L O N G F E L L O W

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

KEN RNPME NDDGD MBGJRX
BJVZEN, ZJK IN MBGJRX
TNEND SNYYE NENT KEN WDNPE
NMK KG XYMGJDPWN JM. —
I YRRPVV SGEKNV

Yesterday's Cryptquote: THE EYE IS THE WINDOW OF THE SOUL; EVEN AN ANIMAL LOOKS FOR A MAN'S INTENTIONS RIGHT INTO HIS EYES. — E. POWERS

Contract Bridge

B. Jay Becker

A Shot in the Dark

East dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH

♠ A Q 6
♥ Q 10 8 5
♦ K Q 4
♣ 6 5

WEST

♠ 8 5
♥ 8 4 2
♦ 7 6 3 2
♣ A K 9 6

EAST

♠ K 9 7 4 2
♥ A 7 3
♦ 6 5
♣ 7 3 2

SOUTH

♠ J 10 9
♥ K J
♦ A J 10 9
♣ Q J 10 4

The bidding:
East South West North
Pass 1♣ Pass 1♥
Pass 1NT Pass 3NT

Opening lead — eight of spades.

In choosing an opening lead, a defender should be guided much more by what he thinks is the best lead for his side than by simply the 13 cards he sees in his hand. It is better to treat defense as a partnership project and not as the exclusive province of one defender.

Consider this deal where West chose to lead a spade, hoping to hit partner's suit, rather than a club, his own best suit. He reasoned that a club lead would probably help declarer more than the defense.

It is certainly true that the defenders functioned well to defeat the contract. Yet, despite this, the fact remains that South had only himself to blame for the outcome.

He should have won the opening spade lead with dummy's ace and immediately forced out the ace of hearts. Had he done this, no lie of the cards could possibly have defeated him.

The spade finesse was unquestionably a step in the wrong direction. The principle that South should have applied is that a declarer should not take a finesse merely because it's there. A far more important principle is to concentrate relentlessly on making the contract, and that takes precedence over everything else.

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ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

MONDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:43	7:04	12:40	3:51	6:11	7:41
Medina	5:48	7:08	12:43	3:49	6:08	7:38
Nejd	5:14	6:37	12:08	3:17	5:35	7:05

DHAHRAN TV

Time	Program	Channel
4:30	Children's Show	Sesame St. No. 1069
6:30	Music Time	Pop Goes Country No. 6A
6:39	Welcome Back Kopter	Just Testing
7:15	Safety Film	Freeway Phobia
7:35	Rockford Files	Feeding Frenzy
8:23	NFL Football	Houston Vs. Miami

WEATHER

Pleasant weather expected throughout Saudi Arabia during the day. Temperatures will fall at night especially in the Northern Province. It will rise slightly in most parts of the Kingdom. Low and medium clouds will cover the northwestern part of the country and the southwestern highlands with possible rainfall.

Winds will be southerly and moderate, gaining in speed in the northern and central parts, raising dust and sand occasionally.

Sea conditions in territorial waters will be moderate.

Saturday's temperatures (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Location	Max	Min	Location	Max	Min
Mecca	30	19	Hail	17	03
Jeddah	29	19	Tabuk	20	05
Riyadh	30	08	Turaif	15	03
Dhahran	19	09	Bisha	23	08
Medina	26	14	Yanbu	29	18
Taif	24	10	Abha	18	05

SAUDI RADIO

Time	Program	Time	Program
1:00	Opening	10:00	Opening
1:01	The Holy Quran	10:01	The Holy Quran
1:05	Gems of Guidance	10:05	Message to the Faithful
1:10	S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:10	Light Music
1:15	S.A. — Historical Notes	10:15	NEWS
1:30	Off the Record	10:25	S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
2:00	Your Choice	10:30	Music Worldwide
2:30	On Islam	11:00	Champions of Solidarity
2:40	Islam the Divine Truth	11:10	Press Review
2:55	Music	11:15	The Sixties
3:00	NEWS	11:45	The World of Guitar
3:10	Press Review	12:00	Islamic Contributions
3:15	Music	12:15	The Songwriters
3:20	My Music	12:45	A Rendezvous with Dreams
3:30	Close Down	12:59	Close Down

VOA

Time	Program	Time	Program
8:00	News Roundup: Reports, Actualities, Opinion, Analyses	10:05	Opinion: Analyses
8:30	News Summary	10:30	VOA Magazine: America, Science, Culture, Leisure
9:00	Special English: News, Feature, The Making of a Nation	11:00	Special English: News
9:30	Music USA: (Standards)	11:30	Music USA: (Jazz)
10:00	News Roundup: Reports, Actualities		

VOA WORLD REPORT

Midnight

12:00 News newsmakers' voices — correspondents reports background features media comments — news analyses.

BBC

Time	Program	Time	Program
6:00	World News	4:30	The Pleasure's Yours
6:09	*Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	5:15	Report on Religion
6:30	*Sarah Ward	6:00	Radio Newswest
6:45	World Today	6:15	*Outlook
7:00	Newsweek	7:00	World News
9:30	*Opera Star	7:09	Commentary
10:09	*Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	7:15	*Sherlock Holmes
10:30	*Sarah Ward	7:46	World Today
10:45	*Something to Show You	8:00	World News
11:00	World News	8:09	*Be-ks and Writed
11:09	Reflections	8:30	*Take One
11:15	Piano Style	8:45	Sports Round-up
11:30	Brain of Britain 1978	9:00	World News
12:00	World News	9:09	News about Britain
12:09	British Press Review	9:15	Radio Newswest
12:15	World Today	9:30	Farming World
12:30	Financial News	10:00	Outlook News: Summary
12:40	Look Ahead	10:39	Stock Market Report
12:45	The Tony Myatt Request Show	10:43	Look Ahead
		10:45	Ulster in Focus
		11:00	World News
		11:09	Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
		11:30	The Pleasure's Yours
		Midnight	Transmission
		12:15	Talkabout
		12:45	Nature
			Notebook
		1:00	World News
		1:09	World Today
		1:25	Financial News
		1:35	Book Choice
		1:40	Reflections
		1:45	Sports Round-up
		2:00	World News
		2:09	Commentary
		2:15	The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

FOR MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1979

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19)

Today the social scene begins to pale. You'll want to spend some time by yourself without exactly knowing why. Retreat gracefully.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)

Though you can talk business over with friends, it'll be hard to actually get them to pitch in and help you with the work.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20)

Connect with those at a distance for needed information, but a business luncheon may have to be canceled or proves to be unsatisfactory.

CANCER (June 21 to July 22)

You're in the mood for travel, but domestic concerns may take priority. You can still check out schedules and contact those at a distance.

LEO (July 23 to Aug. 22)

Some business dealings may require a reappraisal of facts and figures. Sidestep controversy and don't expect immediate results.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22)

You're not in the mood to account for your spending habits, and won't. However, nothing upsets you to the point where you can't accomplish daily tasks.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22)

A moody co-worker could cast a spell of gloom over the work scene today, but you'll still be able to go about your own business.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21)

Someone may not measure up to your standards, but it could be your testing attitude that keeps them at a disadvantage. Accent clear thinking.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21)

There may be a side to a friend's personality that disturbs you. Remain suspicious, until you have reason to feel otherwise.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19)

Not everyone will see things your way now, but be content with the fact that some people do. Avoid confrontation over minor issues.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18)

A talk helps re financial matters, but not everyone is laying their cards on the table. Await further developments.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20)

If you're not sure whether to keep something to yourself, consult with an impersonal adviser. Self-examination leads to a better self-image now.

INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY

Aggressive Canadian construction company with solid presence in Saudi Arabia is seeking a buyer with strong financial resources.

Reply to: 2100 West Loop South, Suite 1650, Houston, Texas 77027.

French Language courses for adults

Beginner-Intermediate-Advanced
Place:

French Saudi Center
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BEHIND RESTAURANT "CASINO" JEDDAH.

Date: FEBRUARY 10th/MAY 5th 1979.
Time: 60 HOURS 2 HOURS 3 TIMES A WEEK FOR 10 WEEKS, OR 3 HOURS 2 TIMES A WEEK.
Method: DE VIVE VOIX (AUDIO-VISUAL SYSTEM)
Inscriptions: AT THE CENTER, EVERY DAY FROM 5.30 TO 8 P.M. LAST DAY WEDNESDAY 7th OF FEBRUARY 1979.

ANNOUNCEMENT



SAUDI ARABIAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LTD.
ANNOUNCE DEPORTATION OF THEIR EMPLOYEE
Mr. SAMIR HANNA ABBYAD (PHOTOGRAPH ABOVE) HOLDER OF LEBANESE PASSPORT NO 230617.
IN ACCORDANCE WITH SAUDI LAWS AND REGULATION COMPANIES /ESTABLISHMENTS ARE ADVISED NOT TO ENTER INTO ANY CONTRACT WITH THE ABOVE MENTIONED PERSON

AL BUSTAN Prime office locations AL KHOBAR

Al Bustan is pleased to announce the opening of the second phase of its self contained office complex/compound in Al Khobar.

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For further details contact:

Al Bustan Real Estate Office,
Phone 48011 Ext 223 or
Telex 670028 WATEKA SJ

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Tel : 73423 - Jeddah.

PUBLIC ANNOUNCEMENT

This is to inform that our employee Eleftherios Megaloudis, Purchaser holder of Greek Passport number T-0176906 and Iqama No. 10/6497 dated 16.11.1398 is leaving our employment soon. Those who have still pending accounts with him are kindly requested to contact us at the following address for full settlement within ten days as from today. After the expiration of this period we will not be held responsible for possible outstanding accounts.



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Maritime Dep.:

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VOY. 5916

The above vessel will arrive at
Jeddah Islamic port on
30-1-1979 — 2-3-1399

Consignees are kindly requested to timely arrange for the documents necessary for clearing and withdraw their delivery orders (against submission of original bill of lading or bank guarantee) upon vessel's arrival.

For more information, please contact
Tel. 53088 P.O. BOX 2951
Telex 401082 SINDICO
Cable: DEVELOPMENT
JEDDAH



PASSPORT LOST
Pakistan Passport No. AF 500284 issued at Sakhar on 21-5-77 with Iqama No. 49281 to Mr. Peer Bux has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
Pakistan Passport No. AD 347795 issued at Peshawar on 12-9-73 to Mr. Mohammad Imran Buti has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy Jeddah.

Pakistan Passport No. 352146 issued at Sukkot on March 1977 to Mr. Nisar Ahmed has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy Jeddah.

PASSPORT LOST
Bangladesh Passport No. B-197483 issued at Sylhet on 20-12-76 with Iqama No. 31044 to Mr. Ahmed Ali has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Bangladesh Embassy Jeddah.

Pakistan Passport No. AF 275625 issued at Multan on 9-2-77 with Iqama No. 25344 to Mr. Abdul Sattar has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Pakistan Embassy Jeddah.

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For additional information please call:

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Tel: 57803
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Telex: 401510
BROTHER SJ

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43474
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Late News

الرياض 1 ربيع اول 1399

U.S. military delegation arrives for visit to Cairo

CAIRO, Jan. 28 (AP)—A United States military delegation arrived Monday amid signs that the United States is looking to Egypt to fill the gap left by Iran, as a listening post in the Middle East.

President Sadat has actively sought the role, telling visiting American Congressmen recently that Egypt sought to help moderate states in the

Middle East.

Political

While the United States has long courted Egypt politically, the military interest is relatively new. But it is growing, as witness:

—An office of military cooperation was opened in late October to assist Egypt in receiving, using and maintaining American military equipment and training. So far the equip-

ment is limited to C-130 Hercules transport planes and 50 F-5 fighters but officials expect more weapons deals to follow.

Intelligence

The chief of naval intelligence, the head of the Pentagon's Defense Intelligence Agency and a deputy secretary of defense have visited Egypt recently on "get-acquainted" tours.

A Pentagon delegation is seen to visit Egypt to resolve any differences holding up any of the F-5s Egypt is to buy.

Debate

The sales of the F-5s to Egypt were approved at the same time as the supply of 60 F-15s to Saudi Arabia, after a lengthy debate in Congress last spring.

But it is emphasized that the sales of American equipment and the supply of American training to Egypt is as essential to the United States as it is to Egypt. The assurance of another strong American ally in the region is of primary importance.

Equipment

The equipment to be provided will include a ground starter for rapid take-off, eliminating the need for time to warm up an airplane's engine. Experts from the United States will train the Egyptian armed forces in everything from how to change the F-5s' to aerial combat.



Moshe Dayan

Munich Olympics. Israel said this release amounted to "a subject surrender" and recalled its ambassador from Paris.

More recently, Israel's Foreign Ministry summoned the French ambassador last October to protest a statement by French Foreign Minister Louis de Guiringaud blaming Israel for the fighting in Lebanon.

Dayan had been scheduled to visit France last October but the trip was postponed because he was tied up with peace negotiations in Washington. In the meantime, de Guiringaud was replaced by Ponce.

After official meetings in Paris, Dayan will meet leaders of the Jewish community and take Wednesday as a "private day" for touring.

Asked if any meetings with Arab leaders were on his schedule, Dayan replied, "There's nothing like that in the program."



CUSTODY: Irene McKinney, taken in custody aboard a United Airlines 747 hijacked to Kennedy Airport, gets into a car Sunday morning to be driven to the Federal detention center in Manhattan. (See story page 5) (AP photo).

Voyager beams film 400m miles to Earth

PASADENA, Calif. Jan. 28

(UPI)—Voyager 1, speeding toward Jupiter, has been taking pictures of the giant planet and sending them back to the Jet Propulsion Laboratory for studies of cloud motions.

The fly-by, or closest approach of 174,000 mph, will occur March 5, scientists at JPL say.

The spacecraft, with two television cameras and instruments for 10 other scientific experiments, will begin sending back photos of the planet's five inner moons next month. It will take only a few minutes, traveling at the speed of light, for data transmitted from Voyager to reach JPL, 408.7 million miles away.

—from page one—

Fahd

oil-fields, Hofuf and the site of the multi-billion dollar industrial complex at Jubail. During the flight, Mrs. Kreps received a briefing on oil production from Aramco personnel. She later lunched with Aramco Chairman John K. Kertner and other prominent U.S. businessmen at the U.S. Consulate General in Dhahran.

The aim of the Saudi visit, Mrs. Kreps said, had been "to explore ways in which U.S. firms can participate more in the development in Saudi Arabia." Discussions covered "mitigating difficulties" for American businessmen with regard to visa policy, surety bonding for contractors and the Arab boycott of Israel.

"The Saudis recognize that increased trade with the United States is to their advantage", she said, adding that she believed that U.S. firms would continue to play a primary role in Saudi development.

The United States is Saudi Arabia's largest trading partner with U.S. exports here predicted to exceed \$5 billion for 1978.

Earlier, in a speech to American businessmen in Riyadh Sunday morning, Mrs. Kreps spelled out some of the U.S. trade requests. The United States she said, has asked that Saudi Arabia ease its requirements for contractor performance bonds and for Saudi representation for U.S. firms working here.

She also said that the U.S. government wanted the Kingdom to relax its visa requirements for visiting American

businessmen. "This is of great importance to United States firms which have few contacts and little experience in Saudi Arabia," Kreps said. "Difficulties in securing entry may all but preclude them from sharing in this market."

Under current regulations, visitors coming to the Kingdom on business must secure a sponsor for such trips before being issued a visa.

Kreps said the Commerce Department was particularly concerned with performance bond requirements faced by contractors, who must usually provide guarantees of 10 per cent of the contract price through banks recognized by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency (SAMA).

"We have discussed this problem with the Minister of Finance and pointed out the advantages of the surety bond system used for construction contracts in the United States," Kreps said. "At the same time, we are considering actions which the United States government might take to ease the financial burden caused by bank guarantees."

Kreps went on to question the efficacy of acquiring Saudi partners for American ventures in the Kingdom.

"This presents particular difficulties for architectural and engineering firms, and it may present problems for others as well," she said.

Kreps said the representations to Saudi government officials outlined at the businessmen's breakfast were "a message from the President of the United States, the

points of which underline the importance he attaches to our relations with Saudi Arabia."

In an apparent reference to the turmoil in Iran and other neighboring countries, Kreps sought to assure both the businessmen and the Saudi government that the United States "interest in stability, security and economic progress is beyond question."

"There is talk these days of a crescent of crisis," Kreps said. "But there is another potential crisis as well, a crisis of confidence. The crisis of confidence is one which we must dispel."

Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Trade and Industry Frank Weil remained in Dhahran Sunday afternoon to continue the Aramco briefing and meet American businessmen.

Speaking to "Arab News", Weil made a reference to press reports that it had been agreed Saturday exports from the industrial complexes at Jubail and Yanbu would not be subjected to U.S. trade barriers. "We will give those products no less or more advantageous treatment than similar products from the rest of the world," he said.

Atherton's

Dayan said he hopes the talks would continue either on the level of ministers or with a second meeting at the initiative of President Carter. He said continuing the talks is the only way of making progress toward a treaty with Egypt.

Dayan said the United States is holding the key to the talks and must determine at what level they will continue.

The break in the talks is now expected to last several weeks as the United States hosts Chinese Vice Premier Teng Hsiao-ping.

Officials in Tel Aviv and in Cairo say they believe talks will be renewed next month at a higher level, possibly in a three-way meeting of foreign ministers led by Secretary of State Cyrus Vance.

Andreotti prepares to resign as Italy braces for violence

ROME, Jan. 28 (R)—Italian Prime Minister Giulio Andreotti prepared his resignation Sunday as the country stumbled into a new political crisis with the right wing anticipating a resurgence of guerrilla violence.

The right-wing newspaper "Il Tempo" said it was afraid left-wing guerrillas would pull off some spectacular coup as the ruling Christian Democrats maneuver to form a new government without Communist support.

The powerful Communist Party broke away from a five-party alliance on Friday, leaving Italy's 40th government since the fall of Mussolini in 1943 without a majority in parliament.

"Il Tempo" noted that political upheaval in Italy was invariably accompanied by violence, like the kidnapping and murder last year of Christian Democratic leader Aldo Moro. "There is reason to fear that the reply the Christian Democrats should give to the Communists will be ripped apart by guerrilla bullets," the newspaper said.

Andreotti, who called in ministers to help him prepare a speech defending his record in office, was scheduled to address a joint session of parliament Monday and deliver his resignation to President Sandro Pertini on Tuesday or Wednesday.

The Socialist president was expected to give the mandate back to Andreotti, who has led

four cabinets and ruled Italy with two minority administrations since inconclusive elections in June 1976 in which the Communists came second.

Andreotti's resignation was seen as a sign that the Christian Democrats and Communists were retrenching in their opposing camps. Andreotti—who took 58 days to form his present government—could face insurmountable difficulties.

The Communists are demanding cabinet posts. The Christian Democrats say they will come to any arrangement provided the Communists are not actually in the government. Unless Italy's third biggest party, the Socialists, were to drop earlier demands for Communist inclusion in government, the crisis could well lead to early elections.

All party leaders say they want to avoid elections, not until 1981, but the logic of their positions might make an early poll the only solution, political sources said.

Communist Central Committee member Giorgio Napolitano lambasted the government in the party newspaper Sunday and said its three-year economic recovery plan was a pastiche of jumbled figures which avoided all the real issues.

Socialist leader Benedetto Craxi also sounded a warning in his party daily when he said the party would not be satisfied with a patched-up solution. "This is not the time for coalitions which are not sustained by a vast political and social consensus," Craxi said.

Massive Turin operation yields 6 terror suspects

TURIN, Italy Jan. 28 (UPI)—Anti-terrorist police stepped up their investigation of the Red Brigades urban guerrillas Sunday following the arrest of six gang members in two hideouts in this northern industrial city.

The increased pace of the anti-terrorism investigation came as police officials and sources began releasing details of a massive search operation that concluded over the weekend after three months of planning.

It also came as minor terrorist incidents were reported in Rome and as Premier Giulio Andreotti's minority Christian Democratic government collapsed following withdrawal of crucial Communist Party support.

Police officials said six Red Brigades members—four women and two men—were arrested in two hideouts in Turin over the weekend in an operation that had 160 officers taking part in the search of 34 apartments suspected of harboring gang members.

Two of those arrested—a

man and a woman—were identified by police as having taken part in the killing last Nov. 8 of State Prosecutor Fedele Calvosa and two police bodyguards in the south.

Police sources said a non-Italian—probably West German or British—was among the six persons arrested. Officials said the names of those arrested would be released Monday.

Calvosa, a leading anti-terrorist investigator, was gunned down by a team of four or five assassins.

The first line guerrilla organization claimed responsibility for the attack but investigators said evidence gathered in the latest raids indicated Italy's various ultra-leftist terror gangs were either closely allied or part of the same overall group.

Among the evidence found in the two Turin hideouts, police said, were Red Brigades documents referring to the Calvosa killing and other attacks, dossiers on Italian politicians and justice officials and a quantity of weapons and ammunition.

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Clients of the three publications are requested to contact Thama in Jeddah, its branches in Riyadh, Dammam and Mecca or its representatives in Taif and Medina, for their advertising in these publications as of April 1, 1979.

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